

# The Chelsea Standard

THE CHELSEA HERALD, Established 1871.  
THE CHELSEA STANDARD, Established 1889

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, JANUARY 6, 1916.

VOLUME 45. NO. 23

## LAXACOLD

Acts Quickly and  
Is Tasteless

Quick! Things are moving faster today than ever before. People demand it, likewise they demand Medicine that will act quickly.

**Laxacold Breaks Up a Cold**

in the shortest possible time. Laxacold contains no quinine, therefore the unpleasant effects of this drug are never produced by it. It relieves pain, acts gently on the bowels, and is tasteless.

**35 Doses 25 Cents**

## Grocery Department

True economy in Groceries is in the buying of such high-grade goods as the following, at these low prices.

Bismark Mince Meat, large jars.....	25c	Three 10c Cans Pet Milk.....	25c
Three Packages Lighthouse Mince Meat.....	25c	One 2-Pound Package F. H. Prunes.....	25c
Monarch Catsup, 25c bottle.....	20c	Fancy Cleaned Currants per Package.....	15c
Three Packages Reindeer Macaroni.....	25c	Fancy Cleaned Raisins, per Package.....	13c
Four Packages of Monarch Corn Flakes.....	25c	Fresh Oysters, solid meats, per Pint.....	25c
Three 10c Cans Corn.....	25c	Six 7c Boxes Sardines.....	25c
Three 10c Cans Peas.....	25c	Six Boxes of Blue Ribbon Matches.....	20c

Chase & Sanborn's Teas and Coffees are always fresh

YOURS FOR SATISFACTION

**HENRY H. FENN COMPANY**

## FLOUR

Chelsea Phoenix, Stott's Diamond, Stott's Columbus, Henkel's Bread, Jackson Rose Bud, Grand Rapids Lily White.

You can't make a mistake on any of the above Brands.

The best Crackers in Chelsea, 8c per pound. Jitney Biscuit, 5c dozen. Our Bacon is the best that can be produced. Our Lard is fine and white as snow. Our prices are the lowest, our goods the best. When you are in need of Work Shoes or rubbers look us over.

**JOHN FARRELL & CO.**

## S. S. S. S.

The above four S's are the four corner stones upon which our bank stands, and they stand for

**STRENGTH.  
SOLIDITY  
STABILITY  
SECURITY.**

The bank that has these corner stones should have your account. If you are not doing business with us, why not begin today?

**Farmers & Merchants Bank**

## HOLMES & WALKER

WE HAVE JUST FINISHED INVOICING AND ARE NOW PREPARED BETTER THAN EVER TO TAKE CARE OF YOUR WANTS.

We have just received, and they will be placed on sale this week, one carload of Combination and Cotton Felt

## MATTRESSES

of the very best quality, and Cotton Felt Comforts. See these goods and prices. We also have a complete line of

## FURNITURE

for your convenience. We are prepared to take care of your 1916 wants. We have just unloaded a car of STEEL FENCE POSTS and WOVEN WIRE FENCING. Leave your order now as these goods will be higher.

**HOLMES & WALKER**

WE WILL ALWAYS TREAT YOU RIGHT.

### Mrs. Wm. Kieher.

Miss Flossie Parker was born in Fenton, February 23, 1890, and died at St. Joseph's hospital at Ann Arbor, Tuesday night, January 4, 1916, aged 25 years, 10 months and 12 days.

She was united in marriage to William Kieher December 11, 1907, and to this union one daughter was born. Mr. and Mrs. Kieher have been residents of Chelsea for the past five years. She leaves to mourn her loss, her husband, one daughter Hannah, her father and mother and five brothers.

The remains were taken to Fenton where the funeral will be held Saturday.

### St. Agnes' Sodality.

St. Agnes' Sodality, Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart, has elected the following officers for the year 1916:

Prefect—Rose McIntee.  
First Assistant—Irene Clark.  
Second Assistant—Gladys Wheeler.  
Secretary—Nina Greening.  
Treasurer—Mary McKune.  
Marshals—Josephine Miller, Gertrude Eisenman.  
Consultors—Lena Merkel, Anna McKune, Mary O'Connor, Bertha Merkel.  
Reader—Margaret Burg.

All members of the society are requested to be present at the meeting next Sunday morning.

### Coroner's Inquest.

The facts brought out at the inquest into the cause of the death of Mrs. Thomas Jackson, who was fatally burned on Wednesday of last week, showed that she was at work cleaning her kitchen range, and was bending over an ashpail when her clothing must have brushed against a hot clinker. The range door was open and the shovel was in the fire box after the accident.

The inquest was held Monday evening at the office of Justice Avery, and the witnesses were Mrs. Katherine Conlan, Mrs. Mary Dann, Mrs. Margaret Heschel, and Dr. J. T. Woods. The verdict was: That Mrs. Isabelle Jackson came to her death December 29th as the result of burns, her clothing having accidentally caught fire while she was attending her kitchen range.

### Mrs. Mary Victoria Conk.

Mrs. Mary Victoria Conk was born in Toms River, Ocean county, N. J., March 20, 1838, and died at her home on East Summit street, Monday evening, January 3, 1916.

She was the daughter of Jephthah and Lois Johnson. She was united in marriage with Lewis L. Conk at Toms River, March 21, 1857, and to this union six children were born, two of whom died in infancy. She has been a resident of Chelsea for forty-four years. She was a member of the Baptist church, the L. O. T. M. M., and the W. R. C., and was an active worker in those organizations.

Mrs. Conk is survived by three daughters, Mesdames E. E. Shaver, J. S. Cummings and G. W. Millspaugh, one son, Howard M. Conk, six grandchildren and two great-grandchildren. The funeral was held this (Thursday) afternoon at her late home, C. E. Osborn, pastor of the Baptist church, officiating. Interment at Oak Grove cemetery.

### A Former Resident Dead.

John Conaty, a well known former resident of this place died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Anna Lorringer, in Detroit, Friday, December 31, 1915.

Mr. Conaty was born in Lyndon on the farm now owned by John Walsh, June, 1835, and he was a resident of this place until about three years ago when he moved to Detroit where he made his home with his daughter. He had been in failing health for the last three months, and the death of his granddaughter, the week preceding his death, was a great shock to him.

He is survived by his daughter, two grandsons, Ross and James Monroe, one sister and one brother.

The remains were brought here Monday morning and the funeral services were held in the Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart, Rev. Father Considine officiating. Interment at Mt. Olivet cemetery.

Those from out of town who attended the funeral of Mr. Conaty were: Mrs. Anna Lorringer, Miss Kate Conaty, Richard Conaty, Miss Dora Harrington and Miss Nellie Phillips of Detroit; Frank Phillips of Ann Arbor, and Mrs. Margaret Ross, of Chicago.

### Will Teach Highway Commissioners.

The University of Michigan has announced its second annual short course in highway engineering, to be given by the department of highway engineering at the university, February 21 to 23, inclusive.

Instruction will be given in road building by members of the faculty of the college of engineering, in co-operation with the Michigan state highway department. Additional instruction will be provided for by special lectures given by men noted in their particular line of the highway engineering field.

This short course will be open to engineers, highway commissioners and others interested or engaged in the improvement of the roads of Michigan or adjoining states. There will be no laboratory fees or charges of any kind connected with the course.

The program will contain numerous papers given by practicing highway engineers and highway commissioners in the state. The work is designed primarily to be of interest to the highway engineers and commissioners in this state, and the subjects treated will be given largely from the viewpoint of Michigan conditions.

There will be one or two other additional special courses given, arrangements for which are now being completed.

### MOVING OFFICE AND FACTORY TO CHELSEA

Lewis Spring and Axle Company Have Many Carloads on the Road.

The Lewis Spring and Axle Company will use the entire lower floor of the welfare building for offices, and is fitting up the east portion of the building for the same. The company have twenty-six carloads of furniture and fixtures, and machinery on its way from Jackson, but the railroad company does seem to be in any hurry to get same to its destination. It is expected that the office force will be settled within the next two weeks.

The work of building a new motor plant will be started as soon as possible.

Many of the employees of the company will continue to reside in Jackson during the winter, but in the spring it is expected that there will be an exodus from that city to Chelsea.

### Mrs. Warren Whipple.

Word was received here Thursday of the death of Mrs. Warren Whipple at her home in Battle Creek on Wednesday, December 29, 1915. Mrs. Whipple was the daughter of Patrick and Elizabeth Corwin, who were residents of Sharon. About 27 years ago she was united in marriage to Warren Whipple, of Lima, and they have made their home in Battle Creek for many years. Funeral services were held at Battle Creek on Monday and were attended by Mrs. Amanda Whipple, Mason Whipple, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Whipple and M. A. Shaver.

### Paderewski to be in Ann Arbor.

One of the most important musical events in the state of Michigan will take place January 20, when I. J. Paderewski, the world-famous Polish pianist will appear in concert in Hill Auditorium, Ann Arbor.

Mr. Paderewski has been a world character for a quarter of a century, but unlike many great personages who attain a certain popularity and then pass into oblivion, his star has continued to ascend and never since his name first came before the public has he occupied a more conspicuous place in the artistic world than at the present time. But while his name is thus immortal in the world of music, his fame does not by any means rest alone upon his artistic accomplishments, for his contributions to the cause of humanity for many years have been of such significance as to make his place secure among the great men of our time.

He is a man of broad sympathies who has ever been mindful of the misfortunes of his native Poland, and has given much of time and means to patriotic service, and through his assistance Poland's patriotic fire has been kept burning brightly. The present great conflict in Europe has fallen heavily on his conscientious shoulders, and he has given generously of his resources in relieving the sufferings of that now devastated country. He has been an active worker in the American Polish Relief Association, and through his untiring efforts many thousands of dollars have been devoted to the cause.

So indefatigable have been his labors in this direction that during the present year he has been able to fill but a very small number of the many requests for concerts which have come to him from all over the country. Ann Arbor, because of its appreciative musical atmosphere, and its attractive auditorium, is one of the few communities which are being favored. When he last appeared in University city two years ago there was not a vacant seat in the mammoth music hall. The heavy advance sale of tickets which has already taken place, and the added interest which his coming concert is attracting, both because of his artistic excellence and because of his great interest in the European conflict, indicates that standing room will be at a premium.

In order to accommodate the throngs which are anticipated from surrounding cities and towns, special cars will be run over the D. J. & C. Ry., east and west, to Ypsilanti, Detroit, Chelsea, and Jackson, leaving Hill Auditorium immediately after the concert.

Full information may be secured by addressing Charles A. Sink, secretary, University School of Music, Ann Arbor.

### HEALTH OFFICER'S ADVICE.

Keep away from persons who have coughs, or who are sneezing. Avoid all direct contact with them.

Do not put your hands to your mouth or to your face. Wash your hands frequently, and always before meals.

Never use a common drinking cup or towel.

Abstain from all alcoholic beverages.

Drink water freely.

Eat moderately of plain food.

Sweat every day, by exercising.

Wear light clothing indoors.

Avoid overheated houses. Keep the temperature of the house from 66 to 68 degrees—the latter should be the maximum.

Keep the feet warm and dry.

Be careful about your bowels.

In case of doubt, see your doctor early. He can do you some good if you have not let the infection become established.

### Warren Coe Writes From the West.

(Continued from last week)

The capital of the state is Salt Lake City. Zion, the city of Saints. With an hour stopover at this place I strolled up town. Temple Square the first scene that attracted my attention, contains the chief Mormon buildings, the Temple, Tabernacle and Assembly Hall. Rivaling in interest the evidence of Mormonism, past and present, with which the city is filled, on the west and stretching north and south lies Great Salt Lake, 100 miles long, and in places 70 miles, six times as salty as the ocean and inhabited only by a minute shrimp. A fascinating twenty minutes' ride by rail, during which extensive salt evaporating beds are passed, is the pleasure resort of Saltair, with mammoth pavilions, amusement features, vast bathing facilities and everything to make of the Rockies.

The salt beds are twenty feet deep in some places and 98 per cent pure. We passed through the state of Nevada during the night, but that section of the trip was comparatively moderately level.

At Intake, Cal., the pumping station and quarters across the river mark the mouth of the Big Bend tunnel, which conducts water three miles through the mountain and supplies power which furnishes electricity clear into San Francisco. This is a lumber region as well as a mining and recreation region.

The fruit industry about Sacramento, deciduous and citrus, is enormous, and 3,000,000 acres of flat bottom land tributary to the city are being broken to intensive farming.

Again we must go back to Scotts, Cal. Bright crimson rocks loomed against the hills to the left have christened the station of Red Rock. Near Scotts is a lake fed by boiling springs, and long in much repute among the Indians and early whites. Among sparsely timbered hills the train steadily winds upward, and at Beckworth tunnel, elevation 5,118 feet. From here we go on to Clio where we found the "Feather River Inn Station." It is a large log structure, in connection with which are furnished bungalow camps and tents. Every feature is up-to-date and as good as the cities' best. From here is reached by mountain drive the chain of forty-two lakes which, at an elevation of 6,000 to 7,000 feet, gem the divide south. They, like the streams everywhere here, are full of trout.

At Sloat the route leaves the middle forks of the Feather, and by a little pass proceeds for the North Fork branches and the grand canon of the Feather. Two miles beyond Spring Garden the tracks execute the extraordinary Williams circle, where by a mile loop in the bottom, the roadbed crosses itself under the trestle used but a few minutes before.

The feather river canon, which continues from Keddle to Oraville, 80 miles, is a placer mining district known since the days of '49. Placer mining is still carried on by individuals at a profit, and dust and nuggets are being regularly cashed in as of yore.

Selow Rich the river makes a wide curve forming Missouri Bend, and the best known fishing grounds in the canon.

Now we pull into San Francisco. On a mountainous peninsula between blue ocean and dancing bay whose fairway is the famed Golden Gate, its skyline is unique and its climate is peculiarly bracing; its summers are not hot and its winters are little colder.

Saturday evening I dragged my weary body from the train and found a sleeping place. It rained all that night, it rained Sunday and it rained Monday. But I went to the fair ground, just the same.

Everything is being torn down as rapidly as possible. After taking a sight-seeing trip of 100 miles about the city I climbed on the 10 o'clock train Monday evening, thoroughly drenched and disgusted with San Francisco's weather.

I arrived at Los Angeles Tuesday afternoon. Everything looks like spring; don't need a heavy coat.

Very truly yours,  
WARREN COE.

### Two Big Shows.

Manager W. S. McLaren of the Majestic theatre at Jackson announces the presentation of the much advertised film show, "The Birth of a Nation," on February 10, 11 and 12. On February 27, 28 and 29 he will present the big film, "Battle Cry of Peace."

Both of these films have created a great deal of enthusiasm wherever they have been exhibited, and this will make an excellent opportunity for Chelseaites to witness them.

Special cars will be run on the D. J. & C. Ry. from Chelsea on one day of each of the engagements. Watch the Standard for further announcements in regard to them.

### Can't Keep Buns Away.

An attempt of the state board of education to control the boarding houses in Ypsilanti, where the young women students at the State Normal college reside, has been declared illegal by the attorney-general.

Neither the board nor its representatives, the officials of the normal college, can refuse to receive a student who boards at a non-regulated boarding house, nor can the board or the officials enforce any rule to the effect that the women students can receive callers only on Friday evening, Saturday and Sunday. If the landlady does not object young men can call any old night in the week and on Sunday. And this is not sentiment on the part of Mr. Fellows, but is based upon the cold, hard law and the rights given to the state board of education.

## Money Savers

Mixed Nuts, pound.....	15c
Mixed Candies, pound.....	10c
California Oranges, dozen.....	20c

### We Are Selling:

Candies, pound.....	10c to 40c
New Soft Shell Walnuts, pound.....	20c
Chelsea made Leader Brand Flour.....	80c
Chelsea made Phoenix Brand Flour.....	85c
Ann Arbor Roller King Flour.....	90c
Russell-Miller North Dakota Occident Flour.....	95c
Lake Shore Pumpkin, Conneaut, Ohio, 3 cans.....	25c
Golden Heart Celery, nicely bleached, 3 for.....	10c
Baltimore Shucked, Solid Pack, Canned Oysters, Pints, 25c.	
Quarts, 45c.	

Oysters in bulk, solid meat, gallon.....\$1.75

Raisins, Currants and Citron for the Cake at lowest prices

California Navel Oranges, per dozen.....20c, 25c and 40c

Ripe Bananas, per dozen.....15c and 20c

Choice Florida Grape Fruit, 2 for.....15c

Candies, per pound.....10c, 15c, 20c and 25c

Fancy Mixed Nuts, per pound.....20c

Wisconsin full Cream Cheese, per pound.....23c

Lyndon full Cream Cheese, per pound.....20c

Vegetables of all kinds in season.

Coffee, our famous Red Band, the biggest seller to people who like good coffee at a fair price, pound 33c.

### HERE ARE A FEW EVERYDAY BARGAINS

Acme Soap, 8 bars for.....25c	8 Pounds Rice for.....25c
Lenox Soap, 8 bars for.....25c	Jellycon, 4 Packages for.....25c
4 Cans Corn for.....25c	

## L. T. Freeman Co.

**30 Days  
Free Trial**

Ask us for Demonstration

**Motor  
High Speed  
Washer**

Runs easier loaded than other do  
empty. The quick and sanitary way

WE Are Here to Serve YOU.

**Dancer Hardware Co.**

ARCHIE B. CLARK, Pres. J. N. DANCER, Treas. J. B. COLE, Sec.

**Wednesday, Jan. 12, 1916**

## DE LAVAL

**Service Day at Our Store**

For the benefit of our many customers and users of De Laval Cream Separators we have established a De Laval Service Day.

On this date we shall be glad to have any De Laval user bring his complete separator to our store for a thorough and careful inspection and adjustment, which will be made free of charge. Should any parts, due to unusual wear or accident, need to be replaced, this will be done, the only charge being for the price of the new parts used. NO CHARGE will be made for the service.

A De Laval service man will be with us to assist with this work. Bring in your De Laval Separator that day and receive the benefit of his advice on the care and operation of the machine, as well as the free service. It is our wish, and that of the De Laval Company, that every user of a De Laval Separator get the maximum of efficiency at the minimum of cost, and we therefore urge you to avail yourself of this free and useful service.

COME EARLY AND AVOID DELAYS

**HINDELANG & FAHRNER**

PHONE 66



## MESKE WILL NOT BE PROSECUTED

SLAYER OF BROTHER-IN-LAW IS ABSOLVED FROM BLAME BY CORONER'S JURY.

## YOUNG MAN IS RELEASED

Protecting Sister From Attacks Fires Shot Gun Without Shot Paper Wad Entering Heart of Allen Harris

Leslie—"We find that Allen Harris met death by being accidentally shot by Fred Meske, his brother-in-law, and we further find the said Fred Meske had no malice or wilful intention to do said Allen Harris bodily harm, when said accident occurred, and we, as jurors on this case, recommend that Fred Meske be completely exonerated from prosecution."

The coroner's jury Monday brought in the above verdict and at the conclusion of the inquiry Prosecuting Attorney William C. Brown, of Lansing, announced that he concurred with the recommendation of the jury, and Meske was formally discharged from custody.

This ended a tragedy which for the past week has held the closest interest and sympathy of the people of Leslie. Harris, who, after separating from his wife, smashed the window of her bedroom, attacked her and a few minutes later fell dead before a shot fired by Mrs. Harris' brother, Fred Meske. Young Meske, freed, is back on his father's farm and Leslie almost unanimously concurs in the decision.

Meske testified that he removed the shot from his gun and it was shown that the paper gun wad penetrated Harris' heart and caused death.

## RECORD MONTH FOR DEATHS

More Lives Lost in Fires During December Than Any Previous Month.

Lansing—According to the monthly report of State Fire Marshal Winship, 17 deaths resulted from fire during December. This is the largest number of fatalities during a single month since the establishment of the fire marshal's office.

Twenty-seven injuries were recorded last month, which is a larger number than any month last year, with the exception of July. Four deaths and five injuries resulted from the careless handling of gasoline.

Ten fires in buildings used for public purposes caused a property loss of more than \$25,000.

## Rhodes Scholarship Is Awarded.

Ann Arbor—The committee of selection for the 1916 Rhodes scholar for Michigan has picked W. A. Pearl, a senior literary student in the university, whose home is in St. Johns, Mich. He will be the next Rhodes scholar at Oxford, representing the state of Michigan.

Sidney Cook, an Alma graduate, whose qualifications were decided to be but little short of Pearl's, was chosen alternate, in case Pearl cannot go.

The scholarship carries with it \$1,500 a year and is for three years.

## Helme Wins Sausage Decision.

Lansing—Food Commissioner James Helme won a victory over manufacturers of sausage by an opinion handed down by the supreme court in the case of the dairy and pure food department against Carl Dehn, a Bay City sausage-maker. The supreme court's ruling upheld the constitutionality of the state law which requires that all sausages containing cereal or flour in excess of two per cent must be advertised as such.

## Oceana Judge Is Dead.

Hart—Frank W. Van Winkle, former probate judge of Oceana county, died at his home here at noon Sunday of Bright's disease.

Since January 1, 1901, Judge Van Winkle had held the office until about two months ago, when failing health compelled him to resign.

## MICHIGAN NEWS ITEMS

Mrs. Thomas Jackson, 73, a widow of Chelsea, was burned to death Wednesday night when her clothing caught fire from a stove while she was alone.

The Michigan Railway Co., operating the interurban line between Saginaw, Flint and Bay City, has announced an increase to its conductors and motormen of 2 to 3 cents an hour, according to length of service. The raise dates from Jan. 1.

During the year there were 479 marriages in Hillsdale county, 17 less than the year before. There were 15 divorces granted. Hillsdale has been called the "Gretna Green" for Indiana and Ohio, but about 200 couples married were from this county.

Miss Amy Nicholls, 15 years old, is dead at her home in Hawks, Presque Isle county, from injuries received Halloween when, on leaving a party, she was tripped by some unidentified person. The fall injured her spine and she had been confined to her home since.

## MICHIGAN NEWS BRIEFS

Of 418 deaths in Muskegon during 1915, 122 were of infants, figures compiled by the city recorder show.

Gov. Ferris has named Dr. Bert S. Sutherland, of Owosso, to fill the vacancy on the state board of dental examiners.

The quarantine again has been ordered on Saginaw dogs by the state live stock sanitary commission because of recurrence of rabies.

George B. Brooks, for nearly half a century an attorney, most of the time in Saginaw, died Saturday night of old age. He was 81 years old.

Earl D. Albertson of Battle Creek, is a new state bank examiner. He was formerly assistant cashier of the General National bank at Battle Creek.

The Copper Range Mining Co. Monday announced an increase of 5 per cent in wages affecting 3,000 men. Since Nov. 1 the company has raised wages 15 per cent.

The council Monday evening approved plans for 32 paving jobs on Flint streets, the estimates for which total \$272,500, and bids will be received at once for the work.

Bay City schools will be closed after the holidays until a majority of the 18 teachers and a few hundred pupils, as well as Frank A. Gause, superintendent, recover from the grip.

Fire in the village of Au Gres, Arenac county, Thursday, destroyed the general store of Everett E. Dougherty. The loss on stock is \$7,000 and on building \$2,000, partially insured.

Meosata spavens have received 17 petitions, bearing 1,584 names—600 more than required for submission of the local option question to the people at the spring election. The petitions were filed by the wets.

Arthur Marcelle, 36, a cage conductor of the Brier Hill shaft at Norway owned by the Pennsylvania Iron Mining Co., absent mindingly walked into the shaft thinking the cage was at the landing and fell 1,000 feet to his death.

Grand Rapids won the 1916 convention of the Michigan State Teachers' association at a session of the executive committee at Kalamazoo Tuesday. Lansing, Saginaw and Battle Creek sought the meeting, which will be held November 1 and 2.

Dr. T. H. Cooper, for a number of years a practicing physician of Port Huron, has been named St. Clair county physician by the board of county superintendents of the poor, to succeed Dr. S. S. Hanson, who has occupied the position for a number of years.

Paid for chiefly by penny contributions of the 7,000 school children of Jackson, a \$125 diamond ring was Christmas morning presented to Edward Page Cummings, city superintendent of schools, who shot himself accidentally some days ago while cleaning his shotgun. The physicians have pronounced Mr. Cummings out of danger.

The Rescue Home association of Green Bay, Wis., has been denied a license to solicit funds in Michigan by the state board of corrections and charities. Secretary Murray of the board, says investigation disclosed the fact that most of the money raised in Michigan last year went to the solicitor for expenses and commissions.

Michigan Central railroad has spent \$30,000 in the last few weeks enlarging the track facilities of the Jackson yards. The action was taken after the traffic committee of the Chamber of Commerce represented to officials that the yard facilities were insufficient to take care of the freight and local manufacturers were complaining.

Firemen, policemen and hospital nurses carried 13 patients from Buttrick hospital at Grand Rapids just before midnight, Monday, when an overheated furnace set fire to the building. The patients were carried from the building on mattresses and placed in nearby buildings. The fire burned through the first floor. The damage was \$100.

A jury in circuit court, after being out five hours, awarded a judgment for \$15,000 to Miss Lillian Boyle, of Leslie, Mich., who was injured about two years ago at Thompson, Mich., a junction point of the Pere Marquette and Ann Arbor railroads, while changing trains at that place. The verdict is the result of a joint suit for \$25,000 against both railroads.

James R. Henry, of Indianapolis, appears to be the latest victim of "Charles Ross," known by name only, to Felix H. Flynn, county clerk, as a land shark. Henry's inquiry about "land" he "bought" in Liberty township, is the eleventh Mr. Flynn has received since he has been clerk and each time "Ross" has been the seller. Henry is said to have exchanged \$500 cash and city property for the "farm."

Frederick Thomas, 72 years old, a millionaire and a resident of Lansing nearly all his life, died Tuesday morning of heart trouble. He owned extensive real estate in Lansing, including several business blocks. Three children survive.

The body of Jacob Shirts, 82, who wandered from his home at Lainsburg Friday night, was found Monday covered by snow near the Michigan Central tracks north of that village. It is believed he lost his way in the storm and was struck by a passenger train shortly after midnight.

## WETS AND DRY WIN AND LOSE IN COURT

DECISIONS OF SUPREME BENCH AFFECT COMING LOCAL OPTION ELECTIONS.

## INGHAM MUST HAVE VOTE

Findings in Two Cases Are Favorable to Liquor Interests While in Four Counties the Antis Win Advantage.

Lansing—The Michigan supreme court Monday changed somewhat the outlook for the coming spring local option elections.

Three decisions affecting the submission of local option to voters were handed down with honors between the "wet" and "dry" forces about even.

As a result, the "drys" may force local option elections in four "wet" counties, Manistee, Mackinac, Otsego and Menominee. In all four of these counties the decisions in the courts below had gone against the "drys."

The "wets" forced an election in Ingham county, and kept the "drys" from forcing one in Luce county.

In Ingham county, while sustaining certain of the "dry" contentions, the supreme court held that the board of supervisors should, at their coming adjourned meeting next Monday, order the election.

In Luce county, the court refused to review the case as decided by the circuit judge. There the lower court decided that the "drys" had filed more than one separate petition from certain voting units and that therefore these should not be counted. This, the supreme court says, is correct.

The question in Ingham county was whether 10 full days must elapse between the posting of the lists and the making of affidavits of such posting before the county clerk. In response to an opinion of Attorney General Fellows, the supervisors had held up the petitions when it was shown that the 10 days included both the day of posting and the day of making the affidavit.

This, Mr. Fellows held, was wrong, but the supreme court in an opinion of Justice Stone, holds exactly the contrary and overrules Judge Collingwood, of the Ingham county circuit. The supreme court holds that the resolution passed by the board was not correctly made.

Manistee county had the same question, only there the conditions were reversed, the "drys" bringing the petitions.

According to Grant Hudson, the three other counties, Mackinac, Otsego and Menominee are affected, as Manistee. He says the court's decision helps there, while the "wet" attorneys say they are satisfied with winning in Luce and Ingham.

## SCHMIDT IS FOUND GUILTY

Gets Life Sentence As Accomplice in Los Angeles Times Explosion.

Los Angeles—Matthew A. Schmidt was convicted Thursday night of first degree murder as the accomplice of James B. McNamara, in the blowing up of the Los Angeles Times building here five years ago.

The specific charge was having murdered Charles Hagerty, one of the 20 victims of the Times explosion. The jury was out 46 minutes.

The jury fixed Schmidt's punishment at imprisonment for life, the same penalty imposed on James B. McNamara after the latter had confessed in court four years ago that he placed the bomb which blew up the newspaper plant.

## NEWS BRIEFS.

State Highway Commissioner Frank Rogers is asking support for a law in congress providing for a federal appropriation of \$25,000,000 for roads. The law was drafted by the American Association of State Highway Officials.

While Gust Meyer and John Boman were building a fire in their room in a Bessemer boarding house they poured some oil on it. The house caught fire and while Meyer escaped through a window, Boman was overcome and burned to death before the firemen came.

Monroe will vote January 24 on a proposal to bond the city for \$75,000 for a new electric light plant, the bonds to be paid for out of the earnings.

Another proposal to be passed on by the voters is to permit the Monroe Water Works Co. to apply for a franchise in 1916, that it may issue bonds to build a filtration plant.

The 3,040 acres of land in the southeastern part of Clinton county comprising the Chandler marsh, has been sold by Mary Chandler Hale, only surviving heir of the late Zach Chandler, to John T. Remey and James W. Brooks of Burlington, Ia.

The Gray Furniture Co., which for about five years has manufactured high grade tables in Adrian, will go out of business shortly, following the petition for the appointment of a receiver. Unsatisfactory conditions in the furniture business are given as the cause.

## OVERWORK CAUSES DEATH OF SUPREME JUSTICE



JOSEPH RUCKER LAMAR.

Washington—Justice Lamar died at his home here Sunday night of gradual heart failure. He was fifty-eight years of age and had almost completed five years on the supreme bench. He enjoyed the distinction of having been appointed by a president of opposite political faith. He was known as one of the hardest working men on the supreme bench. President Wilson appointed him as the chief commissioner for the United States in the A. B. C. mediation at Niagara Falls in 1914, over conditions in Mexico. It is the opinion of physicians that overwork in connection with this conference was the primary cause of his death.

## LANSING HAS PEACE PLAN

Convention For Arbitration of All Boundary Disputes Is Suggested to Pan-American Union.

Washington—Secretary Lansing has suggested to all the nations which with the U. S. comprise the Pan-American Union that they join in a convention for the arbitration of all boundary line disputes and for the prohibition of shipments of war munitions to revolutionaries.

Secretary Lansing's proposal which has the full support of President Wilson, is being forwarded by the Latin American ambassadors and ministers here to their home foreign offices for consideration. It is regarded as one of the steps in a wide plan in which the Pan-American Scientific congress, now in session here, is a part for preservation of peace on the western hemisphere and a closer union of all the Americas.

The status of the negotiations and the details of Secretary Lansing's proposal are so far being held confidential between the state department and the Latin-American chancelleries here. The technical form in which the new proposal was made was not disclosed, but there are indications that it took the usual form of a memorandum to the diplomats, and was in such official form as could be transmitted to their home governments as the basis for action.

One of the first elements of the proposal is the preservation of peace on the American continent. It is realized that the chief menaces to such a peace are boundary disputes and revolutionary activity.

## Steamer Nyack Is Burned.

Muskegon—As the result of fire which broke out Thursday morning and was not discovered until the boat was a mass of flames, the steamer Nyack of the Crosby Transportation company, was practically destroyed at the company's dock here.

The vessel, which is partially insured, was valued at \$100,000. It was the company's plan to completely rebuild the craft at an expense of \$60,000, the boat having been brought to this city with that in view.

## STATE NEWS IN BRIEF.

The Pontiac city commission has passed a jitney ordinance which does not require a bond and fixes fares at five and ten cents.

With several hundred thousand dollars' worth of furniture on display, Grand Rapids' annual furniture exhibition opened Tuesday. Eight buildings are required to house the exhibits.

Muskegon must pay \$1,815 damages to the widow of a former city employee as the result of the supreme court decision placing municipalities under the workman's compensation act.

Morris Atwood, Blendon township farmer, convicted of manslaughter last January, in connection with the death of his secretly wedded wife, Zelma Lowing Atwood, has been denied a new trial by the supreme court, and will be sentenced soon in the circuit court at Grand Haven. Mrs. Atwood's body was found hanging to a tree near her home.

## MANY MEN FAIL TO VOLUNTEER

HALF MILLION SINGLE MEN IN ENGLAND IGNORE CHANCE TO ENLIST.

## LIMITED CONSCRIPTION

Youths Between Ages of 23 and 26 Are Called to Report for Duty on February Eighth.

London—Under the recruiting plan of Lord Derby 2,529,263 men have rallied to the British colors, it was officially announced Tuesday, 1,150,000 being single and 1,679,263 married.

The number of those that enlisted immediately was 215,431 men, 108,000 single and 112,431 married; the remainder—2,184,979—is composed of 840,000 single and 1,344,979 married men. These have been attested for future service. The campaign started October 23 and was ended December 25. Of the single men, 207,000 were rejected, while 221,853 married men were not accepted.

Single men between the ages of 23 and 26, inclusive, who attested in the Derby recruiting campaign, were Tuesday called to report for service February 8. The call was issued after adjournment of a cabinet meeting at which the ministers agreed on the form of conscription. Groups six to nine under the Derby scheme were called. With the groups already called, the British armies will be reinforced by several hundred thousand men.

The total men of military age in England, Scotland and Wales who were not enlisted when the canvass began were: Single men, 2,179,231, and married men, 2,832,210—a total of 5,011,441.

The total of attested, enlisted and rejected men having been 2,829,263 and the available men aggregating 5,011,441, shows that there are 2,182,178 men who did not offer their services.

Lord Derby's report shows that 651,160 single men failed to volunteer.

Of the total 2,184,979 attested, only 1,423,104 are available for active service in the field. The men, who, through some defect, are not fit for field service total 761,875.

## BOY IS KILLED IN RUNAWAY

Team Becomes Frightened and Collides With Ann Arbor Car.

Corunna—Herman, 8-year-old son of George Phickey, Ashley farmer, was instantly killed and his parents both so critically injured that their recovery is a matter of doubt, late Saturday, when a team of horses driven by Phickey ran away and collided with a motor car on the Ann Arbor railroad.

The family had been to Ashley and was returning home. As the party approached Baker's crossing on the Ann Arbor road, the horses became frightened. In spite of Phickey's best efforts to control the horses, they rushed on the tracks directly in the path of the electric which had no time to stop.

The boy was instantly killed, as was also one of the team.

## TELEGRAPHIC FLASHES

While Muriel Kizer, 14 years old, of Boyne City, was skating on Pine lake, he broke through thin ice and was drowned.

Clifford Sweet, a clerk in the Pare Marquette freight house at Ionia, aiding the switching crew, was caught between two cars and fatally crushed. He is survived by his widow and one son. He was 30 years old.

New York—Dr. Helen Nolen, who has been working in the American hospital at Nice, has arrived here on the steamship Rochambeau. She said that more than 40,000 allied soldiers had been made totally blind since the war began.

Albion's new city manager is Roland Remley, of Chicago, who is employed by a contracting firm as superintendent of construction of the new postoffice. Frank J. Simon was named city attorney and Dr. A. B. Grant health officer.

Steps for commission form of government for Charlotte were taken Monday night, when a petition was presented to the council asking that the charter be revised. The petition contained sufficient signatures to call the election, which will probably be held with the regular spring election.

Baton Rouge, La.—Governor W. S. Hammond, of Minnesota, died suddenly early Thursday at Clinton, La., about 30 miles north of here.

Chicago—The prohibition national convention will be held in Minnesota July 19, it was announced Thursday by the prohibition national committee, which was in session here.

Rotterdam, via London—The Berlin Vorwaerts announces the arrest for high treason of ten German socialists, including a woman named Clara Zetkin. They are charged with engaging in peace propaganda.

## MARKET QUOTATIONS

Live Stock.  
DETROIT—Best heavy steers \$7@7.25; best handy weight butcher steers \$6.50@7; mixed steers and heifers, \$6@6.50; handy light butchers, \$5@5.50; light butchers, \$4.50@5; best cows, \$5@5.50; butcher cows, \$4.2@4.75; common cows, \$3.75@4; canners, \$2.50@3.65; best heavy bulls, \$5.50@5.75; bologna bulls, \$4.75@5.25; stock bulls, \$4@4.50; feeders, \$5.50@6.50; stockers \$5@6; milkers and springers, \$3@4@50.  
Best grade veal calves, \$10.50@11; common and medium \$7@10.00.  
Best lambs, \$9.50@9.75; fair lambs, \$9@9.25; light to common lambs, \$7.50@8.25; yearlings, \$8@8.25; fair to good sheep, \$5.50@6; culls and common, \$3.50@4.50.  
Hogs, \$6.65; pigs \$6@6.25 and yorkers and mixed \$6.50@6.65.

EAST BUFFALO—Receipts of cattle, 3,000; market strong; yearlings, dry fed, \$8.50@9; choice to prime native shipping steers, \$8.25@8.75; fair to good, \$7.75@8; plain and coarse, \$7@7.50; Canadian steers, 1,400 to 1,450 lbs., \$8@8.50; do 1,300 to 1,350 lbs., \$7.50@8; do 1,100 to 1,250 lbs., \$7.25@7.50; do 1,050 to 1,150 lbs., \$6.50@7; choice to prime handy butcher steers, natives, \$7.50@7.75; fair to good grassers, \$6.25@6.75; light common grassers, \$5.50@6; prime fat heifers, \$6.50@7.25; good butcher heifers and steers, mixed, \$6.50@7; light grassy heifers, \$5@6; best fat cows, \$6@6.50; butcher cows, \$4.50@5.25; cutters, \$3.50@4.25; canners, \$3@3.40; fancy bulls, \$6.50@7; butcher bulls, \$5.50@6.25; sausage bulls, \$5.25@5.75; light bulls, \$4@5; stockers, \$4.50@6.25; feeders, \$6.25@7; milkers and springers, \$7@10.00.

Hogs: Receipts, 20,000; market 15c lower; heavy mediums and yorkers \$7.25; pigs, \$6.75@7.

Sheep: Receipts, 6,000; market strong; top lambs, \$10.50@10.65; yearlings, \$8.50@9; wethers, \$7@7.25; ewes, \$6@6.50.

Calves: Receipts, 700; market steady; top, \$12; fair to good, \$10@11; grassers, \$4@5.

## Grains, Etc.

DETROIT—Wheat, Cash No. 2 red, \$1.24 1-2; May opened with an advance of 1-2c at \$1.27 1-2, advanced to \$1.28, declined to \$1.27 1-2 and advanced to \$1.29; No. 1 white, \$1.20 1-2c.

Corn—Cash, No. 3, 72 1-2c; No. 2 yellow, 74c; No. 4 yellow, 72 1-2c.

Oats—Standard, 46 1-2c; No. 3 white 44 1-2c; No. 4 white, 42 1-2@43c; sample, 39@42c.

Rye—Cash No. 2, 96c.

Beans—Immediate and prompt shipment, \$3.55; January, \$3.45.

Cloverseed—Prime spot, \$12.10; March, \$12; prime, alsike, \$10.20.

Timothy—Prime spot, \$3.80.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, \$18@19; standard timothy, \$17@18; light mixed, \$17@18; No. 2 timothy, \$15@16; No. 1 mixed, \$14@15; No. 2 mixed, \$10@12; No. 1 clover, \$10@12; rye straw, \$7.50@8; wheat and oat straw, \$6.50@7 per ton in carlots, Detroit.

Flour—In one-eighth paper sacks, per 196 lbs. jobbing lots: First patent, \$6.80; second patent, \$6.50; straight, \$6; spring patent, \$7.10; rye flour, \$5.90 per bbl.

Feed—In 100-lb. sacks, jobbing lots: Bran, \$24; standard middlings, \$25; fine middlings, \$30; coarse cornmeal, \$29; cracked corn, \$30; corn and oat chop, \$28 per ton.

## General Markets.

Apples—Greenings, \$2.50@3; Spy, \$3.50@4; Baldwins, \$2.50@3.50; Steeles, \$4.50@5 per bbl.; western, \$1.75@2.25 per box.

Cabbage—\$1.75 per bbl.

Rabbitts—\$2.25 per dozen.

Mushrooms—40c per lb.

Tomatoes—Hothouse, 25@27c per pound.

Sweet Potatoes—Jersey, kiln-dried, \$1.30@1.35 per hamper.

Maple Sugar—New, 14@15c per lb.; syrup, \$1@1.10 per gal.

Celery—Michigan, heavy fancy, 30@35c; shipped in, 25@30c per dozen.

Onions—Yellow, 19@20c per 100-lb. sack; white, 17@18c per bu; Spanish, 17@18c per box.

Honey—Choice to fancy new white comb, 15@16c; amber, 10@11c extracted, 8@9c per pound.

Lettuce—Hothouse, 12@13c per lb.; Florida, \$3.50@3.75; per hamper; Texas, \$1.75@2 per hamper.

Potatoes—Carlots on track; Michigan, 80@85c; Minnesota red, 80@82c; Minnesota white, 80@85c per bu. in sacks.

Nuts—Spanish chestnuts, 10c per lb; shellbark hickory, \$2@2.25; large hickory, \$2 per bu; black walnuts, \$1.25 per bu.

Cheese (wholesale lots)—Michigan flats, 16 1-2@16 3-4c; New York flats, 18c; brick, 17 3-4@18c; limburger, 2-lb pkgs 16 1-2c, 1-lb pkgs 18 1-2c; imported Swiss, 38c; domestic Swiss, 20@27c; long horns, 18@18 1-2c; dairies, 18@18 1-2c per lb.

Poultry—No. 1 spring chick, 2@2 1-2c; medium spring chick, 2@2 1-2c; heavy hens, 14@15c; hens, 13@14c; light hens, 15 1-2@16c; turkeys, 24@25c; old turkeys, 20c per pound.

## TAKE SALTS TO FLUSH KID



# RECORD OF 1915 THROUGHOUT WORLD

Chronology of the Year, Giving  
the Most Important Events  
in All Countries.

## PROGRESS OF THE GREAT WAR

Sinking of Lusitania and the Teutonic  
Drives Through Poland and Serbia,  
the Outstanding Features  
—Prominent Persons Who  
Passed Away.

COMPILED BY E. W. PICKARD.

## EUROPEAN WAR

Jan. 1.—British battleship Formidable sunk by German submarine in the English channel, with 79 of crew.  
Jan. 2.—Russians annihilated Ninth Turkish army corps and routed First and Tenth corps in the Caucasus.  
Jan. 3.—Russians forced Usok pass in the Carpathians.  
Jan. 10.—Lille evacuated by Germans and occupied by British.  
Jan. 17.—Russians stormed southern Carpathian pass and entered Transylvania.  
Jan. 18.—Six German Zeppelins raided the Norfolk coast, dropping bombs in Yarmouth, Sandringham, King's Lynn, Cam, Sherringham and Beeston, causing heavy damage and some loss of life.  
Jan. 24.—German armored cruiser Bluecher sunk and two battle cruisers crippled by Vice Admiral Beatty's squadron in running fight in North sea.  
Jan. 25.—Austro-Hungarian forces occupied Kielce, Russian Poland.  
Jan. 27.—Austrians drove Russians from Usok pass in Carpathians.  
Feb. 1.—French torpedo boat sunk off Neuport.  
Feb. 2.—Anglo-French fleet destroyed four torpedoes in the Dardanelles.  
Feb. 4.—Germany declared waters around British Isles a war zone.  
Feb. 6.—Russians crossed River Rawa, penetrating German front west of Warsaw.  
Feb. 9.—Germans violently bombarded Solons, setting it afire.  
Feb. 10.—Russians repulsed Austro-Germans in Carpathians but were driven back in Bukovina.  
Feb. 11.—British held cargo of food ship Wilhelm.  
Feb. 11.—United States warned Germany against destroying American vessels or lives of American citizens in attacking shipping, and warned Great Britain of the danger to American interests in the use of American flag by British vessels.  
Feb. 12.—Germans evacuated Lodz, but drove the Russians out of East Prussia.  
Feb. 17.—Germany replied favorably to American warning not to sink American ships, and Great Britain refused to modify its shipping orders.  
Feb. 18.—Germans began blockade of England by sinking two vessels.  
Feb. 22.—German blockaders sank American steamer Carib, Norwegian ship Regis, damaged British collier and three British merchant steamers.  
Feb. 23.—Germans, 20 civilians killed.  
Feb. 25.—Allied fleets reduced Turkish forts at entrance of Dardanelles.  
Feb. 28.—Dacia seized by French cruiser and taken to Brest.  
March 2.—Great Britain laid embargo against shipment of all commodities into Germany.  
March 3.—Hamburg-American officials indicted in New York by federal grand jury for conspiracy to defraud the United States.  
March 5.—Austrians evacuated Czernowitz, Bukovina.  
March 8.—Zeppelin airship L-8 destroyed near Trierport and 17 of crew killed.  
March 10.—American ship William P. Frye sunk by German cruiser Prinz Eitel Friedrich, Prinz Eitel at Newport News with captain and crew of Frye.  
March 11.—German submarine U-13 sunk by British torpedo boat Ariel.  
March 12.—British took Neu-Chapelle.  
March 13.—Germans abandoned Augustowo, Poland.  
March 15.—British order in council shut off all trade with Germany, ordering technical blockade.  
March 16.—German cruiser Dresden sunk off Falkland islands by British warships Glasgow and Kent and Japanese converted cruiser Orono.  
March 18.—American sanitary commission organized for work in Serbia.  
March 19.—British battleships Irresistible and Ocean and French battleship Bouvet sunk by mines in the Dardanelles.  
March 22.—Austrian fortress of Przemyśl surrendered to Russians.  
March 23.—Massacred thousands of Christians at Urumiah, Persia.  
March 23.—Germans in Ghent executed 17 Belgians as spies.  
March 24.—Germans drove Russians out of East Prussia.  
March 25.—Allies landed force on Gallipoli peninsula.  
March 26.—Russians forced way through Carpathians into Hungary.  
March 28.—Twenty-day battle in Champagne country won by French, Germans losing 50,000.  
March 29.—German submarine sank British steamer Aquila at Palaba, about 140 lives being lost.  
April 4.—Russia cleared Beskid range of Austrians.  
April 5.—Turkish cruiser Melchior sunk by Russian mine.  
April 8.—Germany agreed to pay for sinking American ship William P. Frye.  
April 10.—Steamer Harpalycie, first relief ship of New York to Belgium, sunk in North sea by torpedo or mine.  
April 21.—British torpedo boats sent to German government's criticism of its foreign policies, denying allegations and rejecting suggestions that exportation of arms be prohibited.  
April 22.—French cruiser Leon Gambetta sunk by Austrian torpedo, 563 lives lost.  
April 29.—German air raiders dropped incendiary bombs on five English east coast towns.  
May 1.—Russians occupied Loubna, northeast of Usok pass.  
May 30.—British announced destruction of eight German submarines within week by mines and net traps.  
May 1.—British torpedo boat destroyer and two German torpedo boats sunk in fight in North sea.  
May 2.—American tank steamer Guilford torpedoed by Germans off Sicily islands, captain and two seamen lost.  
May 6.—Austro-German forces occupied Tarnow.  
May 7.—Cunard liner Lusitania torpedoed and sunk by Germans off coast of Ireland, loss of 1,265 lives, including 116 Americans; among the latter A. G. Vane, Albert Hubbard, Chas. Frohman, Klein and Charles Plamondon.  
May 18.—British destroyer Maori captured by German submarine.

May 11.—Cabinet decided U. S. should demand Germany make reparation for deaths of Americans resulting from submarine attacks and give guarantees against repetition of offense.  
May 12.—British battleship Goliath torpedoed in Dardanelles, 500 lost.  
May 13.—President Wilson's note to Germany cabled.  
May 17.—Zeppelin attacked English coast towns and was driven off and crippled by aeroplanes.  
May 21.—French train on entire Lorette hill north of Arras after six months of continuous fighting.  
May 22.—Russian battleship Pantelemon sunk in Black sea with 1,400 men.  
May 23.—Italy declared war against Austria-Hungary.  
May 25.—Italy invaded Austria at head of Gulf of Venice, seizing four towns.  
May 26.—British warship Triumph sunk by torpedo in Dardanelles.  
May 27.—American steamer Nebraska, from Liverpool without cargo, struck and crippled by torpedo off Irish coast.  
May 28.—Italy invaded the Trentino.  
May 29.—British battleship Majestic destroyed by torpedo in Dardanelles.  
May 30.—British battleship Princess Irene blown up in Sheerness harbor, 430 lives lost.  
May 30.—German reply to Wilson note received at Washington and declared evasive.  
May 31.—German Zeppelins made raid on London.  
June 2.—Przemysl recaptured by Germans and Austrians.  
June 11.—Austrians took Gradiska and other important towns.  
June 15.—Austro-Germans, advancing on Lemberg, captured Mocsica.  
June 16.—Allied aeroplane fleet bombarded Karlsruhe, killing 27 persons.  
June 17.—Zeppelin English northeast coast, killing 16 persons.  
June 18.—Russians driven over Galician border.  
June 22.—Lemberg captured by Austro-Germans.  
June 23.—French took German work called Labyrinth, west of Lens.  
June 28.—Italy broke diplomatic relations with Turkey.  
June 29.—British liner Armenian sunk by German U-boat.  
June 30.—Americans lost.  
June 30.—Russians began retreat from Vistula river in Poland.  
July 7.—Twenty allied aeroplanes raided Bruges, destroying docks.  
July 8.—U. S. navy department seized German wireless plant at Sayville, L. I., for breaches of neutrality.  
July 8.—Germany's reply to American note on submarine warfare unyielding in most important particulars.  
July 9.—German forces in German Southwest Africa surrendered to General Botha.  
July 10.—British liner Orduña, bringing American home from Europe, attacked by German submarine with torpedo and shells.  
July 13.—Italian cruiser Giuseppe Garibaldi sunk by Austrian submarine.  
July 14.—German reply to Germany, reaffirming former stand sent to Berlin.  
July 15.—Terrible massacres of Armenians by Turks reported.  
July 16.—American steamer Leelanaw sunk by German submarine; crew saved.  
July 17.—Austrians made air raid on Verona.  
July 20.—Austrians occupied Lublin.  
July 31.—Leyland liner Iberian sunk by German torpedo boat; seven of crew killed.  
Aug. 2.—Mittau, capital of Courland, taken by Germans.  
Aug. 2.—Great Britain flatly rejected American contentions against blockade.  
Aug. 5.—Warsaw occupied by the Germans.  
Aug. 6.—Ivangeord taken by Austro-Germans.  
Aug. 9.—British cruiser India and destroyer Lynx captured by Austrians.  
Aug. 10.—Turkish battleship Kheyr-Ed-Din Barossa sunk by submarine in Dardanelles.  
Aug. 10.—Germans occupied Praga.  
Aug. 11.—Zeppelins raided English east coast, killing one Zeppelin destroyed.  
Aug. 10.—U. S. rejected Austro-Hungarian views on shipment of war supplies.  
Aug. 11.—British submarines entered Black sea and torpedoed the Breslau and Goltz.  
Aug. 14.—British troopship Royal Edward sunk by submarine in Aegean sea; 900 lost.  
Aug. 17.—Germans took fortress of Kovno.  
Aug. 18.—Greek cabinet resigned and Venizelos was invited to form new ministry.  
Aug. 19.—U. S. accepted German offer of compensation in Frye case.  
Aug. 20.—Zeppelins raided British east coast, killing 20 civilians.  
Aug. 19.—White Star liner Arabic, Liverpool for Boston, torpedoed and sunk by German submarine off Irish coast; 46 lost, including two Americans.  
Aug. 20.—German fleet engaged Russian fleet in Gulf of Riga, each side losing several vessels.  
Aug. 20.—Germans took Russian fortress of Novogorod.  
Aug. 21.—Italy declared war on Turkey.  
Aug. 21.—Cruiser sunk by British submarine in Baltic sea.  
Aug. 21.—British seaplane sank loaded Turkish troopship in Sea of Marmora.  
Aug. 22.—Germans captured Bielsk, Russia.  
Aug. 23.—Germans occupied Russian fortress of Osowetz.  
Aug. 25.—Germans took Bialystok and Brest-Litovsk.  
Aug. 26.—Germans captured Russian fortress of Oita.  
Aug. 27.—Germany declared the sinking of the Arabic, if done by German submarine, was decidedly condemned by the German government and full reparation would be made.  
Aug. 31.—Adolphe Pegoud, noted French aviator, killed in action.  
Germans took Russian fortress of Lutsk.  
Sept. 2.—Germany offered to submit Lusitania and Arabic compensation claims to The Hague tribunal.  
Sept. 3.—Germans evacuated Grodno.  
Sept. 3.—Papers involving Dumba and Bernstorff taken by British from J. F. J. Archibald.  
Sept. 4.—Allan liner Hesperian torpedoed off Fastnet; 26 lost.  
Sept. 9.—President Wilson demanded recall of Austrian Ambassador Dumba.  
Sept. 10.—Germany declared it would pay no indemnity for Arabic deaths.  
Sept. 10.—Zeppelins raided London, killing 30 and injuring 84.  
Sept. 10.—Germany defended attack on Orduña, saying it tried to escape submarine.  
Sept. 11.—Anglo-French financial commission arrived in America to arrange for loan of \$50,000,000 to allies.  
Sept. 13.—Russians checked Von Hindenburg's drive toward Riga and drove Austrians further back in Galicia.  
Sept. 13.—Vilna evacuated by Russians.  
Sept. 13.—British transport Ramazan sunk by submarine in Aegean sea; hundreds lost.  
Sept. 22.—French aviators dropped 100 bombs on royal palace at Stuttgart and elsewhere in Wurtemberg.  
Sept. 23.—Germans captured Ostrow, but bulk of German army in Vilna salient escaped.  
Sept. 23.—Germany promised American ships carrying conditional contraband would not be sunk by submarines, and made other concessions.  
Sept. 24.—Allies on western front began tremendous general attack on Germans.  
Sept. 25.—American loan to allies, half a billion dollars at 6 per cent, announced.  
Sept. 25.—Italian battleship Benedetto Brin destroyed by Italian explosion; 346 lost.  
Sept. 25.—Austria-Hungary recalled Ambassador Dumba.

## DOMESTIC

Jan. 1.—San Diego exposition opened.  
Jan. 14.—Alabama legislature passed bill making the state dry after June 30.  
Jan. 25.—President Wilson inaugurated first transcontinental telephone system by speaking directly to President Moore of the Panama-Pacific exposition in San Francisco.  
Feb. 20.—Panama-Pacific fair opened at San Francisco.  
March 4.—North Dakota legislature passed measure abolishing capital punishment.  
March 11.—Rear Admirals Fletcher, Howard and Cowles appointed admirals under new law.  
March 12.—Harry K. Thaw found not guilty of conspiracy.  
April 8.—Census bureau announced population passed 100,000,000 mark.  
April 18.—Roosevelt libel case opened at Syracuse, N. Y.  
U. S. Supreme court refused final appeal of Leo M. Frank, convicted of murder of Mary Phagan at Atlanta, Ga.  
May 22.—Roosevelt given verdict in Barnes libel suit.  
June 21.—Governor Slaton of Georgia commuted Leo Frank's sentence to life imprisonment and martial law was proclaimed around governor's home to protect him.  
July 2.—Bomb explosion wrecked reception room on east side of capitol in Washington.

July 3.—F. P. Morgan shot twice by Frank Hall, who placed bomb in capitol at Washington.  
July 5.—Twenty-nine killed and 1,110 injured in Independence day celebrations.  
July 6.—Frank Holt, who shot J. P. Morgan, committed suicide in cell.  
World's Christian Endeavor convention opened in Chicago.  
July 10.—Robbers held up L. & N. train in Alabama and got nearly \$500,000.  
July 10.—Thomas A. Edison made head of board of civilian inventors to advise navy department.  
July 14.—Harry K. Thaw declared sane by jury.  
Aug. 1.—Joe Cooper and Morris Keller killed in auto race at Des Moines.  
Slide in Culbra cut blocked Panama canal.  
Aug. 10.—Business men's army training camp at Gettysburg, N. Y., opened.  
Aug. 15.—Leo Frank taken from Georgia prison farm by mob and hanged.  
Aug. 23.—Powder mills in Delaware and Massachusetts mysteriously blown up.  
Sept. 20.—Chicago's trading camp at Port Sheridan, Illinois, opened.  
Sept. 27.—G. A. R. national encampment opened in Washington.  
Sept. 28.—Misses phone message sent from Washington to Hawaii.  
Oct. 1.—Six midshipmen dismissed and others punished at Annapolis for hazing.  
Oct. 1.—Mrs. Monfort, Cincinnati, elected captain of the Society of American Girls.  
Oct. 4.—Mayor Thompson of Chicago ordered Sunday liquor selling stopped.  
Oct. 4.—President Wilson announced his engagement to Mrs. Norman Galt of Washington.  
Oct. 15.—Panama-Pacific exposition closed.  
Oct. 16.—Bishop Mundelein of Brooklyn appointed archbishop of Chicago.  
Oct. 18.—President Wilson married Mrs. Norman Galt.  
Oct. 18.—American Civic association met in Washington.  
Convention of American Association for Labor Legislation opened in Washington.

## FOREIGN

Jan. 1.—Revolutionists in Paraguay seized President Serrero.  
Feb. 11.—Father Vladimir Ledochowski, Russian Pole, was elected general of the Society of American Girls.  
Feb. 23.—President Davila of Haiti fled the country.  
March 23.—China acknowledged Japanese control over Southern Manchuria.  
April 23.—Japan sent ultimatum to China.  
Danish diet granted suffrage to women.  
May 6.—China yielded to Japan's demands.  
May 27.—Manuel de Arriaga, president of Portugal, resigned.  
June 5.—Danish parliament adopted new constitution giving franchise to women.  
July 17.—Revolutionists in Haiti killed President Guillaume, and proclaimed Dr. Ezevaldo Bobo president.  
July 21.—United States marines and blue-jackets landed at Port au Prince, Haiti, and took charge.  
Aug. 12.—Vesuvius, Etna and Stromboli in eruption.  
Gen. Darrington elected president of Haiti by national assembly.  
Sept. 17.—Word received from Vilhjalfr Stefansson, Arctic explorer, who had been missing for year and a half.  
Oct. 25.—Porter Cardinal convicted at Como, Italy, of wife murder and given life sentence.  
Nov. 10.—Emperor Yoshihito formally mounted the throne of Japan.  
Dec. 8.—Epidemic of typhus in Mexico City reported.  
Chinese rebels seized cruiser Chao-Ho at Shanghai and fought two other warships.  
Dec. 6.—Pope held consistory and appointed Cardinal Mercier, archbishop of Reims.  
Revolt at Shanghai suppressed.  
The Chinese Shi-Kai accepted the throne of China.  
Belgian munitions plant at Havre blew up; thousand killed and hurt.  
Dec. 16.—John C. Coppe elected president of Swiss republic.

## DISASTERS

Jan. 13.—Thirty-eight thousand persons killed 50,000 injured and many towns destroyed by earthquake in central Italy.  
Feb. 10.—Manua Islands in American Samoa devastated by hurricane.  
March 2.—Explosion of gas, followed by fire, in Laland mines of New River & Pocahontas Coal Co. of Elton, W. Va., entombed about 170 men.  
March 25.—American submarine F-4 wrecked near Honolulu, 21 men lost.  
April 4.—Great storm on Atlantic coast, 150 lives lost in wrecks.  
April 13.—Coal mine accident in Japan fatal to 236.  
April 30.—Fire destroyed more than half of Colon, Panama; loss \$5,000,000.  
May 10.—One hundred and sixty-four persons killed and scores injured in railway wreck in England.  
June 22.—Earthquakes in Imperial Valley, California, killed a number of persons and seriously damaged many towns.  
July 24.—Steamer Eastland, used by Chicago river, 813 persons losing their lives.  
July 29.—Typhoon at Shanghai killed 500 persons and injured 1,000.  
Aug. 8.—Erie, Pa., inundated by cloud-burst, 27 lives lost and vast property damage.  
Aug. 18.—Hurricane swept lower part of Texas, 250 dead and \$15,000,000 property loss.  
Sept. 7.—Explosion of car of gasoline wrecked Ardmore, Okla., killing 50.  
Sept. 20.—Destructive gulf storm hit Texas and vicinity; 300 or more lives lost.  
Oct. 23.—Twenty-one children burned to death in parochial school in Peabody, Mass.  
Nov. 1.—Steamer Santa Clara lost near Astoria, Ore.; fifteen lost.  
Nov. 10.—Gun plant of Bethlehem Steel company burned; loss \$3,000,000.  
Nov. 11.—Million dollar fire in war materials at Reobling Sons company at Trenton, N. J.  
Nov. 23.—Fire destroyed much of Avalon, Catalina island.  
Explosion at Du Pont Powder company plant at Wilkes-Barre, Pa., killed 31.  
Dec. 4.—Hopewell, Va., Du Pont powder town, burned.

## POLITICAL

Jan. 2.—Senate passed immigration bill with literacy test.  
Jan. 6.—President Wilson declined for sixth time to support federal constitutional amendment for woman suffrage.  
Jan. 12.—House of representatives by vote of 291 rejected the Mondell resolution proposing enfranchisement of women.  
Eighty Terre Haute men pleaded guilty to indictments charging conspiracy to obstruct the election of November 3, 1914.  
Jan. 23.—President Wilson vetoed the literacy bill because of the literacy test clause.  
Feb. 1.—House passed naval appropriation bill with provision for two battleships.  
Feb. 22.—President Wilson nominated as members of interstate trade commission Joseph E. Davies of Jackson, Edward W. Hurley of Illinois, William H. Harris of Georgia, William H. Parry of Washington, and George Rublee of New Hampshire.  
Feb. 23.—Senate passed army appropriation bill of \$100,000,000 and house appropriated \$6,000,000 for fortifications.  
March 3.—Senate passed general federal debt authorization bill carrying 22.2

72, and confirmed trade commission appointments except George Rublee.  
March 4.—Sixty-third congress adjourned.  
March 15.—Samuel L. Rogers of North Carolina succeeded William J. Harris as director of census.  
April 6.—William Hale Thompson, Republican, elected mayor of Chicago.  
Mayor Roberts of Terre Haute, Ind., and 26 others found guilty of conspiracy in election.  
June 8.—Secretary of State Bryan, disapproving the note to Germany, resigned.  
June 21.—Supreme court annulled "grandfather clause" aimed at negro suffrage.  
June 23.—One hundred twenty-eight Indianapolis city officials and politicians, including Thomas Taggart, indicted for election fraud conspiracy.  
June 24.—Robert Lansing made secretary of state.  
Aug. 23.—Frank L. Polk made counselor of U. S. state department.  
Oct. 7.—South Carolina adopted statewide prohibition.  
Oct. 19.—Woman suffrage defeated in New Jersey.  
Nov. 2.—Suffrage defeated in New York, Massachusetts and Pennsylvania; Republicans carried Massachusetts, electing S. W. McCall governor; new constitution rejected by New York; prohibition defeated in Ohio; A. O. Stanley, Dem., elected governor of Kentucky, and E. C. Harrington, Rep., of Maryland.  
Dec. 6.—Sixty-fourth congress assembled; Clark re-elected speaker of house.  
Dec. 7.—Democratic national committee selected St. Louis for convention of June 14, 1916.  
Republicans won generally in Massachusetts town elections.  
Dec. 14.—Republican national convention set for June 7 in Chicago.  
Dec. 15.—Senator P. Fletcher nominated ambassador to Mexico.

## FINANCIAL

Jan. 16.—President Wilson ordered federal inquiry into high price of wheat.  
March 8.—Goulds lost control of Missouri Pacific-Iron Mountain system.  
March 13.—Dayton Cash Register case. Lower court reversed and remanded for new trial by U. S. circuit court of appeals at Cincinnati.  
March 16.—Trade commission organized at Washington, Joseph R. Davies, Wisconsin, chairman.  
March 18.—Charles C. McChord elected chairman of interstate commerce commission vice James S. Harlan.  
April 3.—International Mercantile Marine company put in receiver's hands.  
April 9.—J. B. Greenhut company, New York department store, failed for \$12,000,000.  
April 21.—Receivers appointed for Rock Island railroad company.  
May 15.—Interstate commerce commission decided railroads owing and operating steamship lines on great lakes must give them up.  
May 24.—Pan American financial conference opened in Washington.  
Aug. 11.—Interstate commerce commission denied most of requests of western roads for increased freight rates.  
Aug. 12.—Interstate commerce commission ordered big reductions in freight rates on anthracite coal.  
Aug. 17.—Interstate commerce commission found Moore-Reid syndicate guilty of plundering Rock Island road and throwing it into a receivership for its own purpose.  
Aug. 24.—Eastman Kodak company declared a monopoly in restraint of trade by federal court at Buffalo, N. Y.  
Oct. 1.—U. S. court at Philadelphia ordered moving picture trade to dissolve.

## NECROLOGY

Jan. 2.—Karl Goldmark, famous composer, in Vienna.  
Jan. 5.—Mme. Jeanne Gerville-Reache, opera star at New York.  
Jan. 10.—J. M. Wilder, author and humorist, at St. Paul.  
Feb. 4.—Mrs. M. E. Braddon, English novelist.  
Feb. 6.—Edward Tilden, Chicago packer.  
Feb. 10.—James C. Creelman, war correspondent, in Berlin.  
Fanny Crosby, famous blind hymn writer, in Bridgeport, Conn.  
Feb. 16.—Emil Charles Waldeuter, French composer, at Paris.  
Feb. 18.—Frank James, once notorious bandit, at Excelsior Springs, Mo.  
March 12.—Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, Sr., at Pocantico Hills, N. Y.  
March 13.—Sergeant Julovich Witte, in Petrograd.  
March 14.—Aviator Lincoln Beachey dropped 3,000 feet to death at San Francisco.  
March 15.—Walter Crane, artist, lecturer, diplomat, in London, aged seventy.  
Capt. Henry King, editor—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.  
March 20.—Charles Francis Adams, publicist and historian, in Washington.  
March 24.—Monaghan Robertson, author, at Atlantic City.  
March 31.—Baron Nathan Mayer Rothschild, in London.  
April 6.—Lyman B. Glover, theatrical manager, in Chicago.  
Curtis Guild, Jr., former governor of Massachusetts, at Boston.  
April 7.—F. Hopkinson Smith, engineer, artist and author, in New York.  
April 18.—Allan R. Noyes, editor Kansas City Star, at Kansas City.  
April 18.—Former United States Senator Nelson W. Aldrich of Rhode Island.  
April 18.—Baron Herbert de Reuter, company, committed suicide in England.  
May 2.—Ex-Congressman Charles E. Littlefield of Maine in New York.  
June 23.—Donovan Rossa, Irish patriot, in New York.  
July 2.—Geo. Porfirio Dias, former president of Mexico, in Paris.  
July 10.—Archbishop James E. Quigley of Chicago, at Buffalo.  
July 12.—Col. A. J. Elthen, publisher Seattle Times.  
July 13.—Dr. J. A. Holmes, director of federal bureau of mines, at Denver.  
July 18.—St. Clair McKelway, editor of the Brooklyn Eagle.  
July 17.—Sarah Cowell Le Moyné, noted actress.  
July 20.—Sir James Augustus Henry Murray, editor of Oxford English dictionary.  
Aug. 4.—Maarten Maartens, novelist, in Zeist, Holland.  
Aug. 6.—Gen. B. F. Tracy, former secretary of navy, at New York.  
Aug. 8.—George Fitch, editor and humorist, at Berkeley, Cal.  
Aug. 17.—Brig. Gen. John C. Black, Civil war veteran, former congressman at large from Illinois and former president of U. S. civil service commission, at Chicago.  
Aug. 18.—Cardinal Serafino Tassanuti, dean of the sacred college, at Rome.  
Aug. 20.—Dr. Paul Ehrlich, discoverer of salvarsan, at Bad Homburg.  
Dr. C. J. Finlay, who discovered yellow fever was transmitted by mosquitoes, at Havana, Cuba.  
Aug. 23.—John D. Long, former secretary of the navy, at Hingham, Mass.  
Aug. 23.—Albert G. Spalding in San Diego, Cal.  
Sept. 1.—Sir William C. Van Horne, former president Canadian Pacific railroad, in Illinois Sprague, war governor of Rhode Island and former senator.  
Sept. 2.—Anthony Comstock, vice crusader of the sacred college, at Rome.  
Sept. 23.—J. K. Hardie, British labor leader, at Glasgow.

Oct. 7.—Rt. Rev. Robert Codman, Episcopal bishop of Maine, at Boston.  
Oct. 7.—W. W. Hooley, publisher of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat.  
Oct. 11.—Henri Fabre, French entomologist.  
Oct. 12.—Sir Lionel Carden, British diplomat, in London.  
Oct. 25.—Paul Hervieu, French dramatist author.  
Oct. 30.—Sir Charles Tupper, Canadian statesman, at Bexley Heath, England.  
Oct. 31.—Blanche Walsh, actress, at Cleveland, O.  
Nov. 1.—E. W. Pretorius, publisher of St. Louis Times, committed suicide.  
Harman Ridder, publisher New York Staats Zeitung, at New York.  
Lewis Waller, noted actor, in London.  
Nov. 6.—F. A. B. Widener, Philadelphia financier.  
Nov. 9.—E. S. Willard, noted actor, in London.  
Nov. 14.—Booker T. Washington, noted negro educator, at Tuskegee, Ala.  
Nov. 15.—Former Senator Julius C. Burrows at Kalamazoo, Mich.  
Nov. 14.—Scotty Etou, actor and playwright, at Hoboken, N. J.  
Dec. 5.—Gen. Jesus Rabi, hero of Cuban wars, at Santiago.  
Jawaia, a Senegalese president American Shipbuilding company, at Buffalo.  
Dec. 9.—Stephen Phillips, English poet.  
Dec. 10.—Col. C. E. Brownell, head of army engineer corps in Hawaii, committed suicide.  
Abraham Gruber, prominent New York politician, at Washington.  
Dec. 12.—Former U. S. Senator F. M. Cockrell at Washington.  
Earl G. Clugston, at Fairline, Scotland.  
Dec. 15.—Viscount Alverstone, former lord chief justice of Great Britain.

## INDUSTRIAL

March 8.—Chicago building contractors locked out 900 union lathers.  
April 15.—Great building strike declared in Chicago.  
April 30.—Federal board of arbitration awarded slight wage increase to engineers of 18 western railroads.  
Bridge and structural iron workers of Chicago struck.  
June 13.—Great street car strike in Chicago.  
June 16.—Chicago street car strike ended by arbitration agreement.  
June 25.—Shut down of Chicago's building construction industry ordered because of strike.  
July 10.—Chicago's building trade strike and lockout settled.  
July 16.—Employees of Chicago surface lines won big victory in arbitration award.  
July 20.—Strike and rioting at Bayonne plant of Standard Oil Co.  
July 27.—Standard Oil strike at Bayonne, N. J., ended.  
Sept. 27.—Twenty-five thousand Chicago garment makers called out on strike.  
Dec. 3.—Fifty-four Chicago labor leaders indicted for conspiracy, extortion and malicious mischief.

## MEXICO

Jan. 4.—Carranza forces under Obregon stormed and captured Puebla, and took Gen. Angeles prisoner.  
Jan. 27.—Provisional President Garza and his government fled from Mexico City to Cuernavaca.  
Jan. 28.—Carranza forces under General Obregon occupied Mexico City.  
Feb. 11.—Carranza expelled Jose Caro, Spanish minister, from Mexico.  
March 1.—Seven battleships ordered from Guantanamo to Vera Cruz.  
March 12.—Carranza evacuated Mexico City and Zapata entered. John B. McManus, American, killed by Zapatistas while American flag floated over his house.  
April 12.—Villa forces defeated near Jarita, losing 600 killed.  
Victoriano Huerta landed at New York.  
June 5.—Carranza armies led by Obregon defeated Villa at Leon after battle lasting five days.  
June 27.—Victoriano Huerta arrested in New Mexico on charge of inciting anti-Mexican riot.  
Aug. 5.—Diplomate from Latin America in Washington conferred on Mexico situation.  
Aug. 8.—Six Mexican bandits killed and three Americans wounded in battle at Trosca, north of Brownsville, Tex.  
Aug. 18.—Armed Mexicans crossed Rio Grande near Mercedes, Tex., and attacked outpost of American cavalrymen, killing Corporal William.  
Sept. 1.—Frank James, once notorious bandit, at Excelsior Springs, Mo.  
Aug. 30.—Gen. Pascual Orozco, noted Huerta leader, killed while leading raid in Texas.  
Sept. 17.—Eighteen Mexicans shot in two fights between U. S. regulars and Carranza soldiers.  
Oct. 9.—Recognition of Carranza recommended by Secretary Lansing and Latin American diplomat in London, aged seventy.  
Oct. 13.—Mexican bandits robbed a train in Texas, killing three Americans; posse killed ten Mexicans for alleged complicity in the crime.  
Carranza formally recognized as president of Mexico by United States, and six Latin American governments.  
Nov. 3.—Villa's army withdrew from siege of Agua Prieta.  
Nov. 15.—Villa gave up fight against Carranza.

## SPORTING

Jan. 5.—Federal league filed suit against National and American leagues, charging violation of Sherman antitrust act.  
Jan. 23.—American association was made a major baseball league.  
April 5.—William W. Williams won heavyweight championship by knocking out Jack Johnson in fifth round at Havana, Cuba.  
May 31.—Ralph De Palma won 800-mile auto race at Indianapolis, breaking all records.  
July 5.—Wisconsin university won conference athletic meet.  
June 19.—Jerome Travers won national amateur golf championship.  
June 25.—The beat Harvard in regatta at New London.  
June 28.—Dario Resta, driving Peugeot car, won 800-mile race at Chicago, averaging 77.8 miles an hour.  
June 28.—Cornell won intercollegiate regatta at Poughkeepsie.  
July 7.—Olympic cup won by Chicago golf team at Cleveland.  
July 24.—Charles Evans, Jr., of Chicago won western amateur golf championship.  
Aug. 18.—Tom McNamara, Boston, won western open golf championship at Chicago.  
Gil Anderson in a Stutz won Elgin road race, breaking all records.  
Sept. 4.—Robert Gardner of Chicago won American amateur golf championship.  
Sept. 7.—W. M. Johnston of California won national tennis championship.  
Sept. 11.—Facky McFarland defeated Mike Gibbons in ten round bout at New York.  
Oct. 3.—C. H. Vanderbeck of Philadelphia won women's national amateur golf championship at Chicago.  
Oct. 9.—Gil Anderson in a Stutz won Astor cup race at Sheepshead Bay speedway, averaging 102.8 miles an hour for 200 laps.  
Oct. 13.—Boston American league team won world championship from Philadelphia Phillies National league team.  
Dec. 18.—Football war ended, Federal league quitting.

## Everyone Should Drink Hot Water in the Morning

Wash away all the stomach, liver, and bowel poisons before breakfast.

To feel your best day in and day out, to feel clean inside; to no sour bile to coat your tongue and sicken your breath or dull your head; no constipation, bilious attacks, sick headache, colds, rheumatism or gassy, acid stomach, you must bathe on the inside like you bathe outside. This is vastly more important, because the skin pores do not absorb impurities into the blood, while the bowel pores do, says a well-known physician.

To keep these poisons and toxins well flushed from the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels, drink before breakfast each day, a glass of hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it. This will cleanse, purify and freshen the entire alimentary tract, before putting more food into the stomach.

Get a quarter pound of Limestone phosphate from your druggist or at the store. It is inexpensive and almost tasteless, except a sourish tinge which is not unpleasant. Drink phosphated hot water every morning to rid your system of these vile poisons and toxins; also to prevent their formation.

To feel like young folks feel; like you felt before your blood, nerves and muscles became saturated with an accumulation of body poisons, begin this treatment and above all, keep it up! As soap and hot water act on the skin, cleansing, sweetening and purifying, so limestone phosphate and hot water before breakfast, act on the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels.—Adv.

Not Much Difference.

There had been several little shortages in the petty cash, and at last the partners in a certain firm set a trap for the pilferer.

It succeeded. The culprit was the office boy. The junior partner was so incensed that he wanted to call in the police and give the lad in charge without further delay.

But the senior partner was a kind old man. He took a more humane view of the situation.

"No, no, Smith!" he said gently. "Let us always remember that we began in a small way, too!"

BILIOUS, HEADACHY, SICK "CASCARETS"

Gently cleanse your liver and sluggish bowels while you sleep.

Get a 10-cent box. Sick headache, biliousness, dizziness, coated tongue, foul taste and foul breath—always trace them to torpid liver; delayed, fermenting food in the bowels or sour, gassy stomach.

Poisonous matter clogged in the intestines, instead of being cast out of the system is re-absorbed into the blood. When this poison reaches the delicate brain tissue it causes congestion and that dull, throbbing, sickening headache.

Cascarets immediately cleanse the stomach, remove the sour undigested food and foul gases, take the excess bile from the liver and carry out all the constipated waste matter and poisons in the bowels.

A Cascaret to-night will surely straighten you out by morning. They work while you sleep—a 10-cent box from your druggist means your head clear, stomach sweet and your liver and bowels regular for months.—Adv.

Hardly Premature.

There was once a learned judge of over eighty who never took any exercise. Not feeling very well, he consulted a physician.

"You have no business to live without taking exercise," said the physician. "You must give up your sedentary habits and walk an hour every day."

"But it bores me so," pleaded the judge. "If I follow your advice I shall walk myself into a premature grave."

FOR THAT SORE RAW THROAT

Relief in Every Rub

Try this—results are certain: Just get an original yellow box of true Mustine and rub it on your neck and upper chest. Do it to-night and that sour, raw feeling will be gone in the morning.

Nothing cures so quickly as true Mustine which costs but a trifle, yet is so wonderfully good that thousands praise it for Asthma, Pleurisy, Bronchitis, Rheumatism and Neuritis. Get the genuine, made by the Best Medicine Co., Rochester, N. Y.

Sly Fox.

"Jiblets is having his wife's voice cultivated."

"What's the idea?"

"He's found a professor who won't let her talk while she's taking lessons."

Not Gray Hairs but Tired Eyes

make us look older than we are. Keep your eyes young and you will look young. After the movies Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago, Sends Eye Book on request.

It's easier for a woman to fool any man than it is to keep him fooled.



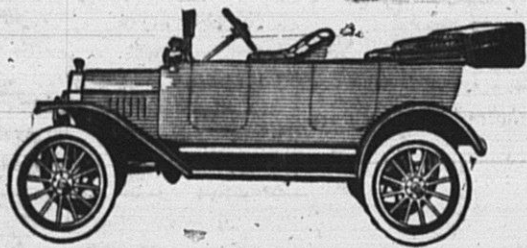
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THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Over a million Ford cars in use today—is your best guarantee of satisfactory service. Serving everybody—bringing pleasure to everybody, the Ford car is a utility—your car. The same high quality, with lower prices. Costs least to operate and maintain. Ford service everywhere.

Runabout \$390; Touring Car \$440; Town Car \$640; Coupelet \$590; Sedan \$740; f. o. b. Detroit.

On sale at  
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Chelsea, Michigan.



## HAMS

and Bacon of the finest quality. You will find our line of smoked meats unexcelled in flavor and tenderness. Our process of curing makes these the most popular smoked meats to be found anywhere. Our stock of choice home-dressed Beef, Veal, Lamb and Pork is recognized as being the best the market affords.

Try our Fresh Oysters  
Phone 59

Fred Klingler



## Sets Outdoors, on Top of the Ground

Back of the House—Behind the Barn or Shed—Out in the Pasture, or in a Fence Corner

Without attention it does the work itself. Automatically it supplies genuine Acetylene gas—to light your house and barns—and to cook your meals.

You simply fill it with the gas-producing stone, UNION CARBIDE and water—a few times a year.

## Pilot-Outdoor Acetylene Generator

is different from all other types of country home lighting plants. Beyond question it makes Acetylene the cheapest, safest and most convenient light and cooking fuel now available for the country home.

Write for our illustrated catalogs and descriptive booklets giving all the facts.

R. B. WRIGHT,

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Salesman for

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Try The Standard Want Column.

## The Chelsea Standard

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the standard building, East Middle street, Chelsea, Michigan.

O. T. HOOVER.  
PROPRIETOR.

Terms:—\$1.00 per year; six months, fifty cents; three months, twenty-five cents. To foreign countries \$1.50 per year.

Entered as second-class matter, March 5, 1908, at the postoffice at Chelsea, Michigan, under the act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

## PERSONAL MENTION.

Miss Ella Freer spent Tuesday in Detroit.

James Geddes spent New Years at Tecumseh.

J. S. Cummings spent Saturday in Ypsilanti.

Miss Pauline Girschbach spent Sunday in Jackson.

Mrs. Rose Lyons is visiting her son at Jackson.

Miss Margaret Burg was in Jackson Monday.

Miss Josephine Miller spent Tuesday in Jackson.

Chas. Kelly left today for school at Sandwich, Ont.

Miss Agnes Weber is visiting relatives in Detroit.

Dr. A. L. Steger was an Ann Arbor visitor Saturday.

James Taylor spent Monday in Detroit on business.

Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Cooley spent the week-end in Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. T. K. Walworth spent New Years at Fraser.

Miss Anna Glover is spending the week in Battle creek.

Miss Anna Mast, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday in Chelsea.

Oren Thacher, of Jackson, visited his mother here Saturday.

Harry Milburn, of Eaton Rapids, spent week-end in Chelsea.

Emmer Fenn, of Detroit, is visiting his sister, Mrs. R. P. Chase.

H. H. Fenn and daughter Florence were in Ann Arbor Saturday.

Miss Minnie Schumacher spent Sunday with Ann Arbor relatives.

Alva Steger, of Detroit, is visiting his brother, Dr. A. L. Steger.

Mr. and Mrs. James Cooley spent several days of this week in Jackson.

Mrs. C. W. Maroney and Mrs. Carl Vogel and son spent Tuesday in Detroit.

Ned Slayton, of Ypsilanti, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Sweetland.

Mrs. E. M. Buchanan has been in the hospital at Ann Arbor the past week.

Mrs. S. G. Bush and nephew, Robert Holmes, spent Monday in Ann Arbor.

Miss Hilda Mohrlock entertained Miss Mildred Stipe, of Ann Arbor, Friday.

Mrs. Hattie Wedemeyer and daughter Frieda, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday in Chelsea.

Miss Carrie Bareis has returned from Ann Arbor, where she has been visiting relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Watkins, of Jackson, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Gilbert.

Mrs. M. E. Dixon, of Ann Arbor, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. D. Arnold Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Upson and daughter, Mary, spent New Years with Mr. and Mrs. James Wade.

Miss Agatha Kelly has accepted the position of teacher of the eighth grade of the Durand school.

Mrs. L. J. Mott, of Dowagiac, spent several days of this week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Ewing.

Miss Wilhelmina Burg spent several days of last week in Detroit at the home of her brother, J. V. Burg and family.

Mrs. J. Vincent Burg and daughter, of Detroit, spent several days of this week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Burg.

Piano for Sale, only \$165.00, standard make, elegant tone, very slightly used, perfect condition, will sell to responsible party for easy payment of five dollars a month, write at once for particulars to Mr. Jay-Dwight, general delivery, Chelsea.

## Announcements.

The B. V. R. C. will meet with Mrs. Mary Harper next Monday evening.

A regular meeting of the Macca-bees will be held on Friday evening of this week.

The Young Ladies' Circle of the Congregational church will meet with Miss Norma Turnbull on Friday, January 7th.

The Helping Hand Circle of the M. E. church will meet with Mrs. E. D. Brown, on McKinley street, Tuesday, January 11th. Scrub lunch.

The Southern Circle of the M. E. church will meet at the home of Mrs. Eli Lutz, on west Middle street, Wednesday afternoon, January 12.

Regular meeting of R. P. Carpenter Post, No. 41, will be held at the Post room, Wednesday afternoon, January 12th, at 2:30 o'clock. All are requested to be present.

The installation of the officers of Cavanaugh Lake Grange will be held on Tuesday, Jan. 11th, beginning at 11 o'clock a. m., at the home of P. H. Riemschneider. Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Alber, of North Sharon Grange, will be the installing officers.

## Church Circles.

ST. JOHN'S, FRANCISCO  
Rev. A. A. Schoen, Pastor.  
Preaching services on Sunday at 1:45 p. m.  
Sunday school at 2:45 p. m.

SALEM GERMAN M. E. CHURCH,  
NEAR FRANCISCO.  
Rev. G. C. Nothdurt, Pastor.  
Girl's choir practice Saturday 2 p. m.  
Sunday school Sunday 9:30 a. m.  
German worship 10:30 a. m.  
Epworth League 7:00 p. m.  
English worship 7:30 p. m.  
Everybody most cordially invited.

BAPTIST.  
C. R. Osborn, Pastor.  
Church service at 10 o'clock.  
Our Sunday school meets at 11.  
Meeting for prayer Thursday eve'g.  
Everybody invited to join with us.  
Vesper service at 4 o'clock in the Congregational church.

ST. PAUL'S.  
Rev. A. A. Schoen, Pastor.  
Preaching service, on Sunday at 9:30 a. m.  
Sunday school at 10:30 a. m.  
Young People's meeting at 7 p. m.  
The Ladies' Aid Society will meet at the home of Wm. Pielemaler on Friday afternoon. Scrub lunch. Také 1:30 p. m. car.

CONGREGATIONAL.  
Rev. Charles J. Dole, Pastor.  
Morning worship at 10 o'clock.  
Sunday school at 11 o'clock a. m., with classes for all.  
Vesper service at 4 o'clock p. m.  
The annual meeting of the church will be held Monday evening, January 10th at 7 o'clock in the parlors. Every member of the church is requested to make an effort to be present.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.  
Rev. G. H. Whitney, Pastor.  
Preaching at 10 a. m.  
Bible school at 11:15 a. m.  
Epworth League at 6 p. m.  
Evening services at 7 o'clock.  
Thursday prayer meeting 7 p. m.  
A cordial invitation to all.

## Notice to Sylvan Taxpayers.

I will be at the Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank, December 21, 1915, and January 5th, 8th, and every Wednesday and Saturday, and Saturday evenings thereafter until further notice, to receive taxes.

THEO. H. BAHNMILLER,  
Township Treasurer.

## Live up Your Torpid Liver.

To keep your liver active use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They insure good digestion, relieve constipation and tone up the whole system—keep your eye clear and your skin fresh and healthy looking. Only 25c at your druggist.—Adv.

## Princess Theatre.

SATURDAY.  
"The Acid Test," an American drama in three parts, featuring Jackie Saunders and Henry King. The story of an idle son of rich parents, who made good. A beautiful love story runs throughout the play.  
"Whistles Busted Date," the latest Pathe comedy, featuring "Prince" a comedian of international fame.

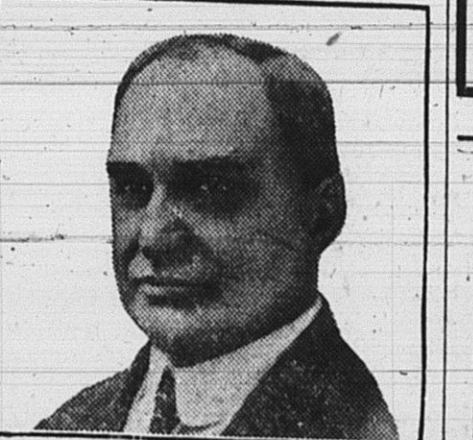
## MONDAY—FEATURE NIGHT.

A Paul Armstrong play, "Alias Jimmy Valentine," with Robert Warwick as Alias Jimmy Valentine. A Liebler feature in five acts, presented by World Film Corporation. A great stage success.

WEDNESDAY.  
Sixth episode of "The New Exploits of Elaine," entitled "Spontaneous Combustion." We are nearing the end of the most wonderful detective story ever written.

## THE GREATEST HEALTH INSURANCE IN THE WORLD

T. P. Taylor, Prominent Louisville Druggist, Makes Interesting Statement



"The greatest health insurance in the world is the simplest," he said. "I never could quite understand why people are so negligent in the use of the simplest of all preventives of illness. It's all a matter of keeping the bowels open. The man who carries a little box of Rexall Orderlies has got a good health policy in his pocket. I believe they are the best laxative ever prepared, and their pleasant taste appeals to men, women and children alike."

We have the exclusive selling rights for this great laxative. Trial size, 10 cents.

L. T. FREEMAN CO.  
THE REXALL STORE

## Chelsea Greenhouses

CUT FLOWERS  
POTTED PLANTS  
FUNERAL DESIGNS

Elvira Clark-Visel  
Phone 180-2-1-1-1 FLORIST



## Women's AND Children's Coats

AT

## Greatly Reduced Prices

Women's Newest Printzess Coats, were \$17.50, \$18.50 and \$22.50, now..... \$10.50, \$11.50 and \$13.50

Women's Newest Cleveland made Coats, were \$15.00 to \$17.50, now... \$7.50 and \$8.50

Big lot of Children's Coats, all sizes and colors, no two alike, were \$5.00 to \$10.00, very special at..... \$2.50

Another lot of Children's Coats at..... \$3.50

One lot of Women's full length Fancy Cloth Coats, now..... \$1.98 and \$2.98

H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.

## SPRING

IS QUITE A WAYS OFF, SO DON'T PUT OFF BUYING YOUR WINTER NEEDS, THINKING THE OLD ONES WILL LAST THROUGH

## Arctics, Rubbers, Warm Coats, Underwear, Caps and Sweaters

are necessary for comfort when out of doors. We carry "Goodrich," "Brown-Hipress" and "Ball Brand" Rubber Footwear—the best on the market—Let us show you our various combinations. Full line of "Packard" and "Beacon" Fine Shoes, and "Lion Brand" Work Shoes.

NEW SUIT SAMPLES ON DISPLAY

## WALWORTH & STRIETER

## Try Our Grocery Department

We carry a choice line of Staple and Fancy Groceries. Our 25c Coffee, in pound cans with glass tumbler included, is a bargain. Try our White Elephant Brand of Teas and Coffees. Give your orders to the driver of our delivery wagon.

FRESH BAKED GOODS EVERY DAY.

## CHELSEA HOME BAKERY

Phone 67 T. W. WATKINS, Prop.



THE illustration shows a universally satisfactory Hub-Mark Overshoe. Like all Hub-Mark Overshoes it is made of the finest stock with special workmanship.

Made in light or heavy weight, high and low styles. Hub-Mark Rubber Footwear is made in a wide variety of kinds and styles to cover the stormy weather needs of men, women, boys and girls in town or country. The Hub-Mark is your value mark.

HUB-MARK RUBBERS  
The World's Standard Rubber Footwear  
W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY

## STIVERS & KALMBACH,

Attorneys at Law.

General law practice in all courts. Notary Public in the office. Office in Hatch-Durand block. Chelsea, Michigan. Phone 23.

## E. W. DANIELS,

General Auctioneer.

Satisfaction Guaranteed. For information call at The Standard office, or address Gregory, Michigan, r. f. d. 2. Phone connections. Auction bills and tin cups furnished free.

## WANT COLUMN

RENTS, REAL ESTATE, FOUND LOST WANTED ETC.

NOTICE—No hunting, trapping or trespassing allowed on our farms. Mrs. C. Samp and Fred Samp. 23

WANTED—To rent a farm on shares; 80 to 120 acres preferred. Address Geo. Scripser, Dexter, route 1. 23tf

FOR SALE—A good pair of sleighs and logging bunks. Inquire of Fred Bollinger, North Lake. 24

PIANO FOR SALE—Only \$165.00, standard make, elegant tone, very slightly used, perfect condition, will sell to responsible party for easy payments of five dollars a month, write at once for particulars to Mr. Jay Dwight, general delivery, Chelsea, Mich. 23

FOR SALE—A large sized Jewel base burner coal stove in good condition, a No. 9 Silver Acorn range, feather beds and pillows, half dozen dining room chairs; new drop-head sewing machine. Mrs. Frank Buss. 24

SALESMEN WANTED to solicit orders for lubricating oils, greases and paints. Salary or commission. Address The Harvey Oil Co., Cleveland, Ohio. 24

FOR RENT—One suite and one room, all modern conveniences. Inquire at 118 east Middle street, Chelsea. 23tf.

LOST—Two gray geese, with wings clipped. Finder please return to Owen McIntee. 23

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A farm of 170 acres, good orchard of 1000 trees three years old, and other varieties of fruit; good buildings; 3-4 mile east of Waterloo village. Inquire of D. N. Collins, r. f. d. 4, Chelsea. 23

FOR SALE—Ten yearling White Leghorn hens; 11-3x12 rug; dining room table; gas flatiron and couch. Inquire of Dillon & Barbour. 23tf

FOR SALE—Good Portland cutter, cheap. Inquire of Dr. S. G. Bush. 23tf

FOR SALE—Surrey, almost new. Two sets of wheels, rubber and steel tires, pole and thills. Hair stuffed cushions covered with broadcloth. Less than half price. Inquire at Standard office. 19tf

FOR SALE—A quantity of oak lumber at \$17 per m., also ash wagon tongues. Inquire of Walter Vicary, Waterloo village. 23

CONKEY'S Famous Poetry Remedies are for sale by Glenn Barbour, phone 43-F3, Chelsea, Mich. 23

GASOLINE Lamps of all kinds clean and repaired on short notice. M. A. Shaver's harness shop. 10tf

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for farm property, half interest in the seed dryer at Waterloo. Inquire of C. J. Daly, Waterloo, Mich. 2tf

LEGAL PRINTING—The Standard requests its patrons who have business with the Probate Office to ask the Judge of Probate to order the printing sent to this office.

## GO-CARTS RE-TIRED

Furniture Repairing, Upholstering, Refinishing and Cabinet Work.

E. P. STEINER  
CHELSEA - MICHIGAN



# Our Final Winter Wind-Up



Your absolute and unrestricted choice of every Winter Suit and Overcoat in the house in warranted \$15.00, \$18.00, \$20.00, \$22.50 and \$25.00 values.

Not a single garment in the house with-held, everything must go and go quick.

This is not by any means a sale of odds and ends, but on the contrary a sale of bright, new, elegant Suits and Overcoats that came into our store this season.

We don't care a rap how much they cost us, how much they are worth or how much we sold them for before, what we are after now is instant disposal, for we say to you—while they last you can take your pick of any Suit or Overcoat in the entire lot at

**\$10.00  
TO  
\$18.75**

**DANGER BROTHERS.**

OPEN EVERY EVENING

## Your Appetite

will not need coaxing if the meats you serve are purchased in this shop of courteous reliability. You can be as particular as you please in selecting meats when you shop here and take your time, because we are here to wait upon you politely and serve you with just the meats you want.

### Fresh Meats

We kill only grain fed native Steers and Hogs, and our stock this year is very choice. Note the following prices:

Beef Roast, per pound..... **15c**  
Pork Loin Roast, per pound..... **15c**  
Pork Shoulder Roast, per pound..... **12c**  
Pork Chops, per pound..... **16c**  
Choice Boiling Beef, per pound..... **12c**

All kinds of Sausage, Salt and Smoked Meats, and pure steam kettle rendered Lard.

**ADAM EPPLER**

PHONE 41

FREE DELIVERY

## THOUGHTS FOR THOSE WHO THINK

"Thrill is one of the corner stones on which manhood must be constructed."—Henry Ford.

"Economy is no disgrace. It is better living on a little than outliving a great deal deal."—Ralph Waldo Emerson.

"Take up any honest work, even if it brings you no more than a dollar a day. Then learn to live within the dollar."—John Sherman.

The Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank

## LOCAL ITEMS.

George Leach is suffering from an attack of pneumonia.

Jacob Hinderer has purchased a new Overland automobile.

Fred Schaible is seriously ill at his home on Summit street.

A Hollier Eight factory branch has been opened at Los Angeles, Cal.

Born, on Monday, January 3, 1916, to Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Walling, a son.

Mrs. Andros Guide entertained a number of ladies at bridge Saturday evening.

Henry Schwenk was in Sandusky, Ohio, last week, where he was called by the death of his mother.

A number of Chelsea's young ladies gave a very enjoyable party at Firemen's hall Friday evening.

Miss Gertrude Mapes entertained a number of friends at her home on East Middle street Thursday evening.

There was a drop of about forty degrees in temperature in twelve hours Wednesday. Great stuff for the grip and pneumonia bug.

The Lewis Spring and Axle Company presented each of its employees here with a bank book containing a deposit of \$10 for a New Year's present.

The large sign advertising the Hollier Eight, opposite of the Michigan Central passenger station, is illuminated by electric lights, and now "he who runs may read."

The annual meeting of the Northwestern Washtenaw Farmers Mutual Fire Insurance Co., will be held at Maccabee hall, Chelsea, Wednesday afternoon, January 19.

Patrick Lingane has been moving some of his farm implements to the Lingane homestead in Lyndon, which he has purchased, and to which he will move about March 1st.

The Ladies' Guild of the Congregational church elected the following officers last week: President, Mrs. F. H. Sweetland; vice president, Mrs. Chas. Martin; secretary, Mrs. H. D. Witherell; treasurer, Mrs. Wm. Campbell.

A. A. Quigley, a well known and respected citizen of Waterloo for many years, owing at one time the farm where A. B. Runciman now resides, passed away at his home in Howard, Colorado, November 30, 1915. He reached the ripe old age of 90 years and 5 months.

Died, on Saturday, January 1, 1916, at the M. E. Old People's Home, Mrs. Ellen Drew, aged 84 years. The funeral was held at the home at 8 o'clock Monday morning. Rev. G. H. Whitney officiating. Rev. F. O. Jones accompanied the remains to Troy, Mich., where the burial services were conducted.

Among the recent transfers of real estate the following appears: William F. Bohner and wife to Charles E. Bowling and wife, part of lots 46 and 47, White's addition, city of Ann Arbor. Consideration \$4,000. Mr. Bowling was a former resident of Chelsea, and moved to Ann Arbor when the steel ball plant was transferred to that city.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Glenn, of Bradenton, Florida, will be pleased to learn that they are both much improved in health. Their daughter, Mrs. Jacob Lamb, of Detroit, who was called there by their illness, arrived safely last Thursday, after being delayed a day by the severe storm that swept over northern Georgia.

Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Canfield celebrated the 55th anniversary of their marriage at their home on Jackson street on New Year's day. A family dinner was served and the event was a very enjoyable one. The out of town guests were Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Canfield, Misses Mabel and Leota Canfield, Ralph Canfield, Wm. McNea and Harvey Johnson, all of Detroit.

Attorney General Fellows has just given out an opinion to the effect that prisoners may be worked on the roads in any county, whether the county road system is in force there or not. He also says that the county's half of the fees received under the new auto law shall be spent under the direction of the county road commissioners, where the county road system obtains, and by the supervisors where it does not.

Since the early morning mail was transferred from train 6 to a later train, it is pretty well along into the forenoon before the mail is distributed. This is no fault of the local post-office force, but is caused by the fact that this train is from half an hour to an hour and a half late, every morning. This makes it pretty late when the business men receive their mail, and causes a great deal of inconvenience.

O'Mealey, of Hillsdale, and Turnbull, Chelsea, were awarded highest honors in the Michigan state checker tournament which ended Sunday. Both were tied in the number of games won when the tournament was declared at an end. Those who succeeded in qualifying in the finals, as well as O'Mealey and Turnbull, will meet in about two weeks at Ypsilanti to decide the winner of the tournament. About forty players took part in the first day's play at the Y. M. C. A.—Jackson Patriot. Besides Mr. Turnbull the following Chelsea checker players took part: Dr. Gulde, John Harris, W. C. and J. H. Boyd.

Born, on Friday, December 31, 1915, to Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Moes, a son.

There were 64 births and 46 deaths in the county of Washtenaw during the month of November.

Mrs. R. P. Chase and daughter Abbie, who are ill of pneumonia, are reported as being a little better.

James and Doris Schmidt entertained a number of friends at their home on East street Thursday evening.

Ethel, Everett and Edith Tucker have returned to their home in River Rouge, after spending the holiday vacation with their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Tucker.

There will be no petition presented to the board of supervisors at the January meeting, which will be held January 10th, asking for a vote on the question of local option in the spring.

Miss Vera Gage, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Gage, of Sylvan, has been engaged to teach the sixth grade of the east Main street school at Jackson. Miss Gage is a graduate of the Chelsea high school and the Normal college at Ypsilanti, and has been teaching at Monroe.

If you want our opinion—and no one has asked for it—those arch lights in the business section are a poor excuse for street lighting. It's a good night when from one to three stars does not exude inky darkness. Later—five of the arches were out of business last night.

A shipment of Hollier cars left Jackson a week or ten days ago consigned to the New York automobile show. Sample cars of the various models will be shown.—Jackson Patriot. Better back up, Mr. Patriot, and start over. Those cars were made in the Chelsea plant, and shipped from here.

The annual meeting of the Congregational church and society was held Monday evening. Reports for the year showed all bills paid, an old deficit of \$600 wiped out and a balance of \$50 in the treasury. The Ladies' Guild made the unusual record of \$460 raised and a balance of \$237 in the treasury.

A young man who has been stopping at the Chelsea House, disappeared Monday and took with him a diamond stick pin, ring, revolver and a few buffalo nickels from the room of Albert Naylor, of Detroit, who has been setting the glass in the new Baist building. The officers have been unable to locate the thief.

Mrs. James Long, mother of Burton Lone of Chelsea, died at the home of her daughter in Superior township, Saturday morning, January 1, 1916, from the effects of a stroke of paralysis, aged 72 years. Mrs. Long was the mother of fifteen children, ten of whom are living. Mrs. Long died just four weeks from the day of her husband's death.

It is getting about time that a drinking fountain is put in place for dogs, as it is getting to be a common sight to see the animals walk up and mop themselves all over the drinking fountain on the Kempf Bank corner. It works fine in the case of a large dog, but a little fellow is terribly handicapped. Besides, from a sanitary standpoint it does not commend itself to a thirsty person.

If noise counts for anything, 1916 is going to be the biggest year Chelsea has ever enjoyed, and that will be going some. The New Year was ushered in in Chelsea with more noise than one was ever greeted with here before. The bells and whistles were all overworked, and guns and revolvers added them thunder to the din. Her's hoping that the year 1916 will prove to be the "Big Noise."

Food Commissioner Helme won a victory over manufacturers of sausage Monday by an opinion handed down by the state supreme court. The ruling upheld the constitutionality of the state law which requires that all sausages containing cereal or flour in excess of two per cent must be advertised as such. The supreme court said: "It is not claimed that the cereal added to the meat is deleterious to health, but that it does lower the value of sausage, and is a deception and fraud upon the purchaser."

### School Notes.

The mumps continue to claim victims. There are five absent from the fifth grade.

The Juniors are making arrangements for their carnival.

The students are again assembled at school after an enjoyable vacation.

The seventh grade is beginning to review for the semester examinations. At the beginning of the week there were ten absent from the second grade.

Alfred Mayer has returned to the fourth grade, after an absence of about two months caused by illness.

The Chelsea high school basketball team will play the Jackson high school team at Jackson, Friday evening, January 7th.

The school has rented the Princess theatre for Tuesday, January 18th, and will present a four-reel production of "Hiawatha." There will be a matinee for the children.

### Don't Scold Fretful Children.

That nervousness, fretting and restlessness is no doubt caused by worms or constipation. Instead of whipping or scolding, give your child a treatment of Kickapoo Worm Killer. Nice candy confections that kill the worms and are laxative enough to move the bowels and expel not only the worms but accumulated poisons. These poisons and worms bring on fever, make children nervous and irritable, reduce their vitality and make them victims of sickness. Get a box of Kickapoo Worm Killer today at your druggist, only 25c.—Adv.



IF YOU KNEW THE VALUES YOU CAN GET IN OUR STORE NOW YOU WOULDN'T WAIT A MINUTE TO COME IN. OTHERS HAVE FOUND OUT OUR REDUCED PRICES AND ARE BUYING. WE NEVER HAVE AN ARTICLE IN OUR STORE THAT ISN'T FULL VALUE FOR EVERY CENT WE ASK FOR IT. WE WANT TO CLEAR OUT OUR WINTER GOODS. WE ARE MAKING PRICES THAT WILL "DO IT QUICK."

### Clearance Prices on Men's Overcoats

Young Men's snappy Overcoats, high-class in material, fit and workmanship; satin yoke and sleeve linings, hand made button holes; only a few left, sizes 34 to 38, and we are going to close them out quick at **\$10.00 to \$12.00.**

Men's staple black and dark Oxford Kersey Overcoats, lined with black guaranteed satin lining throughout, silk velvet collars, sizes 37 to 46. Here are dress Overcoats for the middle age and older men, worth up to \$25.00, but are going to clean them up at **\$12.00 to \$15.00.**

### Corduroy Coats

Men's Corduroy Coats, sheep lined, beaverette collars, at **\$5.00.**

### Clearance Prices on Men's Suits

Blue Serges, Gray Worsteds, Fancy Worsteds reduced to **\$10.00, \$12.00 and \$14.00.** Regular \$15.00 to \$20.00 values, and you will believe it when you see them.

### Clearance Prices on Boys' Suits

All Wool Blue Serge Suits, Norfolk style, all sizes up to 17, heavy winter weight, pants lined, **\$5.00.** All Wool Casimere Suits, **\$3.75 to \$5.00.**

Clearance prices on Horse Blankets. Large size square wool blankets at \$7.50, \$9.00 and \$10.00 the pair.

Clearance Prices on Wool Bed Blankets. Any color, \$3.75 to \$6.00.

**W. P. Schenk & Company**

## January Clearance Sale

On Men's and Young Men's Suits and Overcoats Starts Saturday Morning, January 8th, 1916.

### Special

One lot Men's Suits and Overcoats, only one of a kind, but nearly all sizes in the lot..... **At Half Price**

### Overcoats

Men's and Young Men's Overcoats are marked down as follows:

\$12.00 Overcoats at ..... **\$ 8.00**  
\$15.00 Overcoats at ..... **10.00**  
\$18.00 Overcoats at ..... **12.00**

### Suits

All Men's Colored Suits marked down during this sale:

\$12.00 Suits at ..... **\$ 8.00**  
\$15.00 Suits at ..... **10.00**  
\$18.00 Suits at ..... **12.00**  
\$20.00 Suits at ..... **13.34**

(Blue Suits Excepted)

All alterations to be paid for by purchaser

All Boys' Overcoats now ..... **1-3 Off Regular Price**

One Lot of Men's and Boys' Sweaters, now ..... **1-3 Off Regular Price**

One Lot Men's Storm Alaskas, regular price \$1.25, now ..... **98c**

**H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.**





## Unpretentious Gown for Semi-Dress



The simply constructed and graceful gown pictured above makes no pretension to novelty, excepting little details of its finishing. It is a dignified and generally becoming design, without too strong a flavor of the present styles to outlive them. A gown so conservative in structure is a good model to select for copying in a dress which is to outlast a single season and prove useful in time to come.

The model as shown is suited to the stout or short figure. It should be made somewhat fuller for a tall woman, and the length broken by additional bandings. Very successful dresses like it are made of crepe or any of the supple satins, with several narrow bands of fur at intervals between the hem and knees. Chiffon cloth has been used in the same way. Fur bandings are not as becoming to the stout figure as flat bandings of velvet, and the latter must be used carefully.

The plain blouse corresponds with the skirt in simplicity of design, and is joined to it in a one-piece garment. High, round buttons, covered with the fabric, provide its decoration and reappear down the front of the skirt. The shoulders are long, and the sleeves rather close-fitting and finished with a plain turn-back cuff.

A faint echo of military styles is discovered in the narrow belt of white suede leather with ribbon set on at each side in cartridge-belt fashion. It fastens with a dark buckle at the right side.

A moderately wide, straight band finishes the neck, affording a support for any one of the numerous new collars and neckpieces by means of which the wearer may show her regard for fashion's last word. One of the several advantages of a simply made frock lies in the fact that one may wear accessories of so many different kinds with it.

## Hand-Made and Factory-Made Lingerie



Lingerie that is factory-made is as good as that which is homemade so far as beauty of design is concerned. Its makers must design it with reference to the possibilities and the limitations of machinery. But the variety and the quality of hand sewing cannot be equaled by machinery. It is possible to imitate much handwork very closely, but not all of it, and the variety of design possible in garments to be made at home would not be profitable in those made in a factory. The needlewoman, on the other hand, may copy any of the factory designs and improve on them.

Two attractive new nightdresses are shown here for the consideration of those who make their undergarments at this season of the year. One of them is entirely handmade, except for the seams, which are felled on the machine. It is cut from linen in the 36-inch width, of a single length, equal to twice that of the figure. This is folded over at the center and stamped for the embroidery at the neck and sleeves. The bottom is finished with a double scallop and the sleeves are slashed on the upper arm with all edges finished with embroidered scallops.

Small sprays in a flower pattern are embroidered at each side of the slash in the sleeves and at the front of the neck. Eyelets are worked about the neck opening for carrying a narrow wash ribbon. This pattern is also made in fine cotton batiste with a smaller sized scallop used for edging and finer flower sprays for decoration. The machine-made gown is of nainsook fulled to a beading with edging of lace and having inserts of Swiss embroidery. Either narrow val or cluny lace is used for this work, the latter having the preference for wearing qualities. The very short sleeves are trimmed with insertion and lace. This is a graceful garment and the

model might be copied in hand-crocheted lace and hand embroidery for a very elegant gown. In this case the monogram, or initial, would take the place of one of the embroidered flower sprays, and a fine grade of organdie or handkerchief linen could be substituted for the Swiss embroidery. Also the flower sprays could be varied and two or three different designs used.

Hand-crocheted yokes and narrow edgings are not to be overlooked by those ambitious to own handmade undergarments. Their wearing qualities and shapeliness commend them. In selecting the yard goods to go with them, durability is to be borne in mind, and it is to be found in the sheerer fabrics when they are well woven.

*John B. Smith*

## Cuff Trimming.

Cuff trimming on woman's skirts is a fashion feature obviously borrowed from masculine styles. Men's trousers have exploited cuffs for many years, but skirts have only recently adopted the garnishment. Premier introduced the cuffed skirt in tailored costumes. The cuff turns up across the back only, from side seam to side seam, and is wider at its center than at the seams where it starts. Other skirts have cuffs all around, the edge of the skirt swinging clear of the buttoned street boot. The idea is not a bad one in consideration of possible longer skirts coming. It will be an easy matter to let down the cuff and attach a facing underneath.

## For Blouses.

Georgette crepe is the most favored material for the dressy separate blouse, and the very pale tints, such as champagne, flesh-pink and ivory, are most in demand.

## THE KITCHEN CABINET

Good thoughts are no better than good dreams, unless they be executed.—Emerson.

What wilt thou do with the year  
That is dawning so fresh and clear—  
Dawning in whiteness—  
Dawning in brightness—  
What wilt thou do with the year?

## A SYMPOSIUM OF SOUPS.

There is no dish that "touches the spot" like a hot, well-seasoned soup on a cold day or night. Many delicious vegetable soups are easily prepared and are both nourishing and appetizing.

**Salsify Soup.**—Scrape 12 good-sized roots of oyster plant, let them stand in salted water, then slice and place in a granite saucepan with a quart of liquid, half milk and half water; cook until perfectly tender, remove from the fire and put through a sieve, reheat in a double boiler, adding gradually a pint of milk and a cupful of cream, stirred in when boiling hot. Season with butter, pepper, salt and pinch of powdered mace.

**Almond and Celery Soup.**—Cut in fine pieces the whole of a bunch of celery, leaves and root. Add six pepper corns, a bay leaf, a tablespoonful of scraped onion or onion juice, a thin slice of lemon, a teaspoonful of salt, and a stick of cinnamon. Cover with a quart of water and cook one hour. Strain and reheat, stirring in a cupful of cream, a teaspoonful each of flour and butter mixed to a cream, add a quarter of a cupful of blanched almonds that have been pounded to a paste; boil for two minutes after the nuts are added. Serve very hot with a spoonful of whipped cream sprinkled with a few finely shredded almonds. Serve with cheese crackers.

**Artichoke Soup.**—Take four medium-sized artichokes, wash them, boil until tender, remove the skins, then chop very fine and add to some water in which cabbage has been boiled; add two grated carrots, a minced onion, a blade of mace, a tablespoonful of mushroom catchup, a dash of pepper and celery salt. When ready to serve add a dash of tabasco sauce and a tablespoonful of butter.

A most nourishing soup may be made of dried peas, beans, or lentils; soak them until soft, then cook in enough water to make a good puree after putting through a sieve, adding a slice of onion or celery for flavor while cooking. By adding milk to the puree of peas one has a most tasty cream of pea soup.

## A WINTER'S DINNER.

Yellow and white seem to be a favorite combination of color for the winter table, and the fluffy yellow and white chrysanthemums with fern and stevia to relieve the stiffness.

A fruit cocktail may begin the meal, or this may be dispensed with and the soup be the first course. A pretty and tasty cocktail may be prepared from canned pears which have been shaped in balls with a French vegetable cutter, add pineapple juice for a sauce and bits of preserved ginger chopped fine, as well as a few chopped almonds sprinkled over the top. Serve in steamed sherbet glasses.

For the meat course turkey, goose, duck or chicken may be chosen, or squabs are always delicious. With the meat serve a slice of candied sweet potato, a mashed potato croquette, formed in the shape of an egg, and pass a dish of mock crab.

**Mock Crab.**—Melt four tablespoonfuls of butter (a quarter of a cupful), add a half-cupful of flour, a half-teaspoonful of salt, three-fourths of a teaspoonful of mustard and a fourth of a teaspoonful of paprika; stir until well blended. Then pour on gradually, while stirring constantly, one and a half cupful of milk. Bring to the boiling point and add one can of corn, one egg, slightly beaten; three teaspoonfuls of Worcestershire sauce. Turn into a buttered baking dish, cover with crotons and bake until the bread is brown.

For the salad course tender head lettuce with a good French dressing, seasoned with a small amount of Roquefort cheese, is a most tasty salad.

For dessert a plain vanilla ice cream garnished with orange sirup and candied orange peel to carry out the color scheme of yellow and white, or rice balls may be served with an orange sauce, a simple and delicious dessert, easy to prepare. Candies of yellow and white may be upon the table and are passed with the after-dinner coffee.

*Nellie Maxwell*

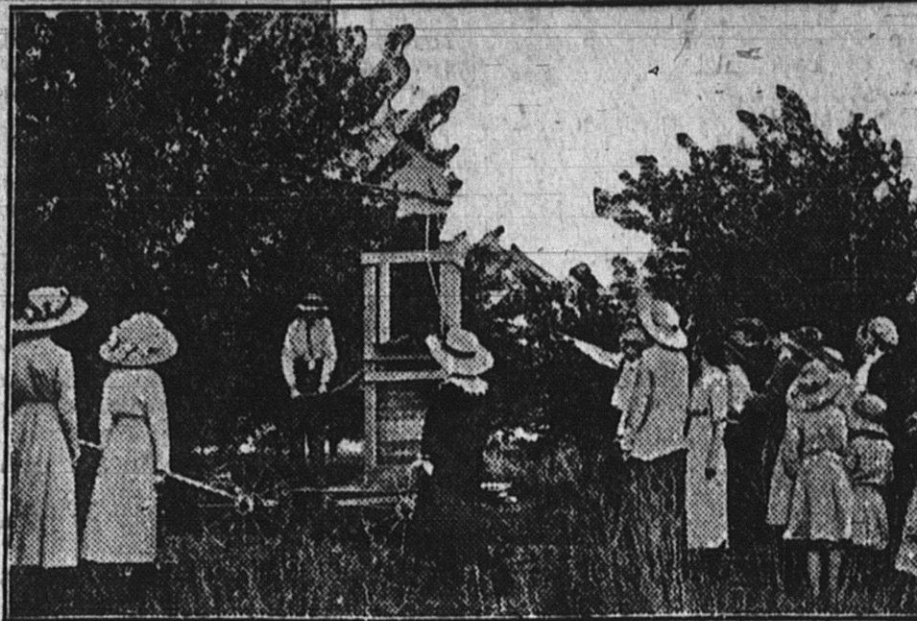
## Hard Situation.

"I'm in a difficulty over my girl. 'What's wrong?' 'I've been saying such nice things to her that she's getting conceited. If I quit she'll think I don't care for her any longer, and if I go on she'll think she's too good for me.'—Puck.

## Correct.

Eastern paper has started a contest to decide what is the most useful thing in the world. Easy. The most useful thing in the world is a pair of trousers.—Grand Rapids News.

## TREATMENT FOR APPLE-TREE DISEASES



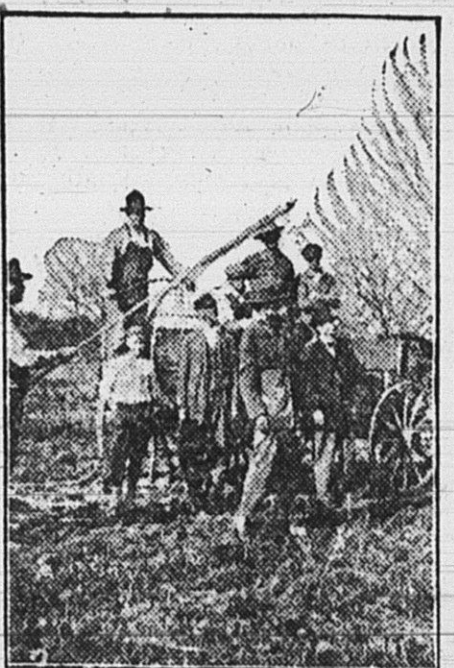
Class in Agriculture Attending a Spraying Demonstration—One Student is Holding the Spray Rod and Another is Operating the Hand Pump.

(By W. L. HOWARD, University of Missouri, Agricultural College.)

Apple orchards in Missouri must be sprayed every year against the apple scab disease, and also against the two insects, curculio and codling moth. Bordeaux mixture and lime sulphur solution (summer strength) are the standard remedies for the disease mentioned and for nearly all other diseases of the leaves and fruit. Arsenate of lead is used almost exclusively for poisoning curculio and codling moth and all other insects which bite or eat the leaves or fruit. Scale insects are controlled by spraying with a very strong solution of lime sulphur while the trees are in a dormant condition.

The first summer spray (the chief one for controlling scab) is given at the time when the clusters of flower buds have separated, but before the flowers themselves have unfolded or opened out. This is usually referred to as the "first spray," the "first scab spray," or the "cluster bud spray."

The second application is made as soon as the petals of the flowers begin to fall. This is universally known as the "calyx spray," but sometimes referred to as the "second scab spray," or the "codling moth spray." This application is for the purpose of controlling the scab (for which either lime sulphur or Bordeaux mixture is used), and also the insects curculio and codling moth which are poisoned by adding arsenate of lead to the fungicide. A third and even a fourth application, at intervals of two or three weeks, may be necessary to control late outbreaks of scab and also such diseases as fly-speck or sooty blotch, black rot, cedar rust, apple blotch, Illinois canker, etc. Bitter rot may have to be combated late in the summer in the southern half of the state in some seasons. At the same time poison may be added as a protection against late broods of codling moth, curculio and lesser apple worm. Bitter rot sprays may have to begin before the middle of July and



Member of University of Missouri Faculty Conducting a Spraying Demonstration With a Barrel Sprayer.

continue, in extreme cases, until the middle of August or later. During the seasons of 1913 and 1914 bitter rot was not bad in Missouri.

The season of 1914, on the whole, was favorable to the fruit grower. As is the case nearly every year, there were certain districts where diseases or insects or both were more abundant than elsewhere. There was less apple scab than usual although there were places where the percentage of this disease ran very high on unsprayed trees. Bitter rot, which sometimes becomes epidemic in the southern half of the state, was very scarce. Only now and then was it reported during the season and then only on varieties like Huntsman and Willow (Twig) which are particularly susceptible to the disease. Two diseases which are rarely heard of north of the Missouri river were very prevalent all over the state this year. These were the cedar rust and black or blossom end rot. Twig blight appeared again toward the close of the blooming period but did much less harm than the year before. In 1913 the blight attacked the fruit spurs and killed every flower in the various clusters. In 1914 the infections again started in the spurs but only a few of the flowers were killed. As a rule the spurs themselves did not perish. This year many of the new twigs at the ends of the long branches were attacked and killed back for from four to five inches to a foot, but this caused little damage as no flowers were involved.

The two insects which always have

to be fought every year—curculio and codling moth—were present in all parts of the state. The dry weather which prevailed from May until August greatly favored the spread of the codling moth. Another insect, the lesser apple worm or side worm, was especially bad in 1914. This insect bores a hole into the apples starting at almost any point on the surface but usually on the side. If the "worm" penetrates deep it goes straight into the fruit in whatever direction it may start. In such cases the hole it leaves is much smaller than that made by the codling moth. Sometimes though, the side worm penetrates only a quarter or half an inch and then burrows out quite a large cavity. Again burrows may be made along near the surface, sometimes just through the skin or a little deeper. This is the way the insect works on the fruit in cellar storage and sometimes even in cold storage if the temperature is not kept constantly around the freezing point.

In 1913 five co-operative orchards were sprayed by the University of Missouri. Sixteen demonstrations were held attended by 125 people. One demonstration orchard returned an average net profit of \$161.12 per acre due to spraying.

In 1914 twenty orchards were sprayed, or supervised, and between seventy-five and one hundred demonstrations held. Several orchards showed a net profit, due to spraying, of \$300 to \$400 per acre.

Each demonstration orchard was sprayed from two to four times. Neighboring orchard owners were always invited to attend the demonstrations. Between 150 and 200 interested growers followed the spraying operations throughout the season, and observed the results at harvest time.

At almost every point where a demonstration orchard was located, from one to a dozen farmers were regularly advised about the management of their fruit trees and vines. Directly and indirectly, between 250 and 300 orchard owners were under the immediate influence of the University of Missouri.

With one exception all of the demonstration orchards were sprayed during the spring and summer with their two standard solutions, bordeaux mixture and lime sulphur to control diseases, with arsenate of lead added to poison the insects.

The dry or powder form of arsenate of lead appeared to give as good results as the paste when used in half the quantity by weight. The powder costs approximately twice as much per pound as the paste.

While bordeaux mixture is a reliable fungicide for all preventable orchard diseases, it is a hazardous material to use for the calyx spray, especially on varieties of the Ben Davis type and those having a light colored skin, on account of the serious injury from spray burn which may occur.

Soluble sulphur as at present found on the market is a dangerous material to use as a summer spray. It is very apt to destroy the leaves and may kill the calyx of the apples, thus causing the fruit to decay. The soluble sulphur seems to set free a large amount of arsenic from the arsenate that must be used with it as an insecticide, and it is this that causes the injury.

Soluble sulphur, while unsafe to use as now made, is a promising spray material. Two applications during the season of 1914 on Gano-produced fruit with a luster or finish that even lime sulphur could not give, but fully 75 per cent of the leaves were caused to drop off. Where three applications were given, from 10 to 25 per cent of the fruit was destroyed.

Bordeaux arsenate (prepared bordeaux) and pyrox are both good fungicides and insecticides, but both are apt to burn the fruit, especially the Ben Davis and Gano varieties. Both are handy to use where only a few trees are to be sprayed, but on a commercial scale bordeaux would be more satisfactory and less expensive.

Missouri orchardists are advised to spray their apple trees at least three times; before blooming, immediately after blooming, and ten days to two weeks later. For the first spray use lime sulphur 3 gallons to 100 gallons of water or bordeaux 6-6-100 (6 pounds copper sulphate, 6 pounds fresh lime, 100 gallons water); second spray, lime sulphur 3-100, plus 5 pounds arsenate of lead paste; third, same as second, or bordeaux 6-6-100, plus 5 pounds arsenate of lead paste. Where bitter rot is bad, one or two more applications may have to be made with either lime sulphur or bordeaux.

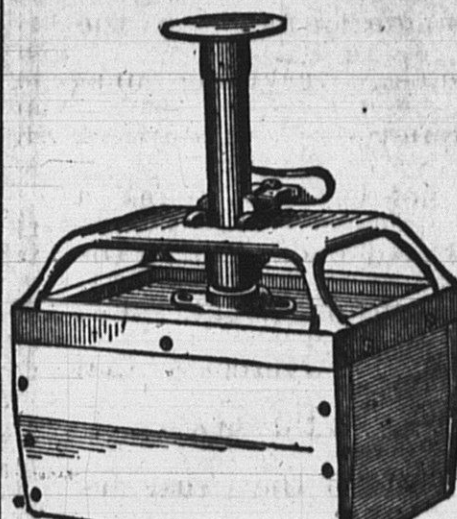
## DAIRY FACTS

## MAKING BUTTER FOR MARKET

Among Other Things Necessary Is Up-to-Date Equipment—Absolute Cleanliness Is Essential.

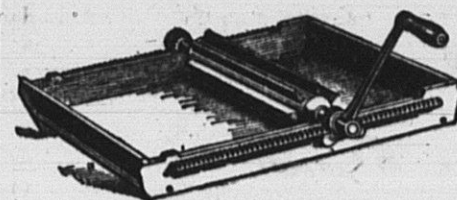
As the great body of farmers more and more take up the production and sale of milk to be shipped out of the country, there will be an ever-widening opportunity for those who prefer to do that kind of work, and are competent to do it, to make butter for sale in town and even right around among their neighbors.

There are some parts of the country which dispose of nearly all their milk



One-Pound Butter Printer.

to the condensaries or else sell it for shipment to the large business and residence sections. This, of course, makes it practically impossible for any farmer who follows this method of marketing his milk to make or secure butter enough for his own home use. It is a serious handicap sometimes, and prevents the use of dairy butter in



One Type of Butter Worker.

great measure, forcing people to use imitations of butter, much as they dislike to do so.

One young farmer is making a good thing of it, producing choice dairy butter, putting it up in prints or jars as desired by his customers.

A few things need all the time to be in the mind of the man who sets out to do a business of this kind. First, the necessary up-to-date equipment; second, the ability to make good butter; third, absolute cleanliness at every step; fourth, good butter cows, and fifth, cold water for washing and otherwise caring for butter.

## DAIRY COWS REQUIRE SALT

Important Item Often Overlooked in Management of Herd—Essential to Health of Cattle.

(By E. V. ELLINGTON, Professor of Dairying, Idaho Experiment Station.)

An important item that is often overlooked in the management of the dairy herd is the necessity of providing salt in the ration of the cow. All animals that consume large quantities of vegetable food require salt. Babcock, of the Wisconsin experiment station, found in his experimental work that the cattle, when deprived of salt, became emaciated and were of low vitality and finally suffered a complete breakdown. He recommended that they should be fed three-fourths of an ounce per day live weight with an additional 6-10 ounce for each 20 pounds of milk produced.

While salt may be provided in the daily ration by mixing it with the grain, an equally satisfactory method in practice is to keep it in a convenient place where the animals may have ready access to it when they so desire. It may be used in the form of rock salt or placed in boxes in the feed lot. However, it should be borne in mind that salt is very essential to the economical handling and health of dairy cattle.

## TWO SIRES FOR DAIRY HERD

Plan Is Advocated by Minnesota Expert for Purpose of Eradicating Infectious Abortion.

(By DR. M. H. REYNOLDS, Minnesota Agricultural College.)

We do not encourage anyone to think that there is an easy, quick or sure method of eradicating infectious abortion from a herd of cattle. Success usually involves a very considerable amount of work and trouble, although the money expense is not large.

It is a very good plan to keep two sires for breeding service in a valuable herd affected with this trouble. One sire should be used exclusively with infected or suspected animals and the other with those that are quite certainly uninfected. This is unquestionably more effective than disinfection before and after service.

## Up-to-Date Methods.

Belong to a dairy cattle breeders' association, a cow-testing association and every organization that will help to keep you posted and in touch with the best up-to-date methods of managing your dairy herd.

## SYRUP OF FIGS FOR A CHILD'S BOWELS

It is cruel to force nauseating, harsh physic into a sick child.

Look back at your childhood days. Remember the "dose" mother insisted on—castor oil, calomel, cathartics. How you hated them, how you fought against taking them.

With our children it's different. Mothers who cling to the old form of physic simply don't realize what they do. The children's revolt is well-founded. Their tender little "insides" are injured by them.

If your child's stomach, liver and bowels need cleansing, give only delicious "California Syrup of Figs." Its action is positive, but gentle. Millions of mothers keep this harmless "fruit laxative" handy; they know children love to take it; that it never fails to clean the liver and bowels and sweeten the stomach, and that a teaspoonful given today saves a sick child tomorrow.

Ask at the store for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on each bottle. Adv.

## DADDY IS STILL COGITATING

Precocious Youngster Asked Question Which Couldn't Be Answered "Right Off the Bat."

When Auditor of State Vic Donahey and six of his ten children had returned from Sunday school he tried the children out on the lesson, which had been about Noah and the Ark. He impressed on their minds that of all the inhabitants of the earth, human, creeping and otherwise, all save those which had taken refuge on the Ark had perished in the flood. There was nothing living at all except what was on the Ark, he told the children. The waters had drowned out all life.

"Say, dad," inquired one of the youngsters, who is especially precocious, "did the fishes in the water die, too?"

This was a poser for the auditor. He told the lad that he would answer the question later. Answering questions right off the bat is one of the accomplishments of the auditor, but the one he boy asked stumped him.—Columbus Dispatch.

## CURED OF BRIGHT'S DISEASE.

Mrs. A. L. Crawford, Medfield, Mass., writes: "Dodd's Kidney Pills cured me of Bright's Disease, and I am healthy and strong to-day and have been blessed with good health ever since my cure. When the doctors pronounced my case Bright's Disease I was in such a serious condition that they could not do anything for me.

I kept getting worse. My limbs from my ankles to my knees swelled and my eyes were so swollen that I couldn't see. As a last hope I thought I would give Dodd's Kidney Pills a trial. I gradually improved and kept on taking them and they cured me thoroughly."

Dodd's Kidney Pills, 50c per box at your dealer or Dodd's Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets for indigestion have been proved. 50c per box.—Adv.

## German Music Is Barred.

In Paris, German music is taboo, except the older classics which have earned their right to be called "world music." In the Colonne and Lamoureux concerts English and Russian music is the vogue and in the intimate house concerts, given for charity, old English ballads and Russian songs are constantly heard.

## CARE FOR YOUR HAIR

Frequent Shampoos With Cuticura Soap Will Help You. Trial Free.

Precede shampoo by touches of Cuticura Ointment if needed to spots of dandruff, itching and irritation of the scalp. Nothing better for the complexion, hair, hands or skin than these super-creamy emollients. Also as preparations for the toilet.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

## Playing Safe.

"Griggs is throwing his money away right and left since he made that killing in war stocks."

"I don't blame him. That's the best way to make sure that Wall Street won't get it all back again."

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher*. In Use For Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

Milwaukee has installed 25 pool or billiard tables in its public school buildings.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days. Druggists refund money if PAZO Ointment fails to cure itching, piled, bleeding piles. First application gives relief.

A self-made man never praises his maker.



## It's Foolish to Suffer

You may be brave enough to stand backache, or headache, or dizziness. But if, in addition, urination is disordered, look out! If you don't try to fix your kidneys, you may fall into the clutches of kidney trouble before you know it. But if you live more carefully and help your kidneys with Doan's Kidney Pills, you can stop the pains you have and avoid future danger as well.

## A Michigan Case

James F. Reed, 777 Portage St., Kalamazoo, Mich., says: "I had sharp twinges through my back and felt weak and nervous. My ankles were so badly swollen I couldn't wear my shoes. My back got stiff, too. The first box of Doan's Kidney Pills helped me and three boxes fixed me up all right."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box  
**DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS**  
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

## ABSORBINE

Reduces Strained, Puffy Ankles, Lymphatic, Poll Evil, Fists, Boils, Swellings, Stops Lameness and allays pain. Heals Sores, Cuts, Bruises, Boil Chafes. It is a **SAFE ANTISEPTIC AND GERMICIDE**. Does not blister or remove the hair and does not work. Pleasant to use. 25c a bottle, delivered. Describe your case for special instructions and Book 5 M free. ABSORBINE, JR., antiseptic solution for manhood, reduces strains, painful, Kneads, Swells Vena. Concentrated—only a few drops required at an application. Price \$1 per bottle at dealers or delivered. W. F. YOUNG, P. O. Box 310, Springfield, Mass.

## BLACKS OPTICIANS

WATSON E. COLEMAN, D.D., ADVISES AND BOOKS FREE. ESTD. 1850—DETROIT. 156 WOODWARD AVE.

**The Real Hardship.** "When I read about dem fellers over in de trenches I feels like sayin', 'Dis is de life!'" remarked Frisco Sam. "Right you are, bo," answered his pal. "Dere's worse 'tins dan travella' about de country in empties, I guess." "Sure. An' dem poor devils over in Europe not only has ter live in trenches, but dey has ter dig 'em first!"

## If You Need a Medicine You Should Have the Best

Although there are hundreds of preparations advertised, there is only one that really stands out pre-eminent as a remedy for diseases of the kidneys, liver and bladder.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is not recommended for everything. A sworn certificate of purity is with every bottle. You may receive a sample size bottle of Swamp-Root by Parcel Post. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and enclose ten cents. For sale at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes—50c and \$1.00, also mention this paper—Adv.

Sometimes matrimony turns love's sweet dream into a nightmare.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets are best for liver, bowels and stomach. One little Pellet for a laxative—three for a cathartic—Adv.

Josef Hofmann, the pianist, earns \$2,500 an hour.

## MOONE'S Emerald Oil

**THE FAMOUS and UNEXCELLED ANTISEPTIC and GERMICIDE** For Varicose Veins, Ulcers, Hemorrhoids (Piles), Eczema, Painful Swellings, Abscesses, Sores, etc., only a few drops required at an application. So marvelously powerful is Emerald Oil that Enlarged Glands, Wens and Varicose disappear with its use. Price \$1.00 sent anywhere charges paid on receipt of price. Generous sample on receipt of 10c from Moore Chemical Co., Dept. W., Rochester, N. Y.

## Don't Persecute Your Bowels

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal, harsh, unnecessary. Try **CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS**. Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowels. Cure Constipation, Bilemness, Sick Headache and indigestion, as millions know. **SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.** Genuine must bear Signature *Wm. Wood*

## ASTHMA

**DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S ASTHMA REMEDY** for the prompt relief of Asthma and Hay Fever. Put your drug-store for it. It costs only one dollar. Write for FREE SAMPLE. Kellogg & Lyman Co., Inc., Buffalo, N. Y.

The RED MIST  
A TALE OF CIVIL STRIFE  
By RANDALL PARRISH  
ILLUSTRATIONS By C. D. RHODES

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## CHAPTER XXVIII—Continued.

"You might make the jump," I said, drawing a revolver from his belt, "but to my best judgment there is a hundred foot sheer drop right here, and it would damage you some to take it. See," and I tossed the weapon over the edge, and we heard the sound as it struck on the rocks below. "I guess you'll not try that trick. And so you want me so badly you offer a reward, dead or alive? Isn't it rather my wife you want?"

"I don't believe she is your wife." "Not after she gave you her word! That is hardly complimentary to the lady, Lieutenant. However I haven't any reason to be jealous of you—Noreen knows you too well by this time; you proved yourself a treacherous cur in Lewisburg. Now turn around!"

There was no other weapon in his belt, and if he ever occurred to me that he might possess another secreted in his jacket, nor did I realize the desperate hatred of me which gave him reckless courage. What to do with the fellow obsessed my mind; I possessed nothing to securely bind him with; I could not leave him free, nor had I any desire to take him along with me. He settled the problem himself. Suddenly, his arms above his head, his eyes on mine, he kicked viciously, the heavy shoe striking my wrist, sending the revolver I held spinning into the grass a dozen feet away. With almost the same movement he was tugging at his jacket pocket. I saw the gleam of steel, and gripped his fingers just in time; my other hand, numbed by the blow dealt me, was, for the instant, useless, yet I struck him with my elbow full in the face. I had no grip that would hold, yet it tangled the revolver in the folds of cloth so he could not draw, and, with a snarl of baffled rage, he tore his fingers loose, and clutched at my throat with both hands. Back and forth we swayed on the very edge of the ravine, kept from plunging down into the black depths by the intervening fringe of trees, savagely contending for the mastery. That he was a trained athlete, acquainted with every wrestler's trick, I knew in a moment, yet this gave me little fear—for this was to be a fight, no wrestling game. Strong, quick, agile as the man was, I never doubted I was his match, and, as I felt strength come back into my hand, and realized that I could clench it again, I felt coldly confident. Once, twice, I drove my knuckles into his exposed face, compelling him to loosen grip, and throw up his hands in protection. And then I had him; not that he was devoid of skill as a boxer—sooth he possessed tricks of defense unknown to me—but his was the professional knowledge of the West Point gym, while I had graduated from the rough school of the camp; where he had trained for points, for fancy milking, I had fought to win against desperate opponents. The difference told for I beat him down, caring nothing for what blows reached me, so that I smashed in through his guard, and landed. Again and again I feinted with my right, and drove my left straight to the exposed jaws. I gave him no time to cry out, to even catch a full breath. There was no sound to be heard a hundred feet away. I became a machine, grimly determined, a desire to punish throbbing in my veins. He fought cat-like and fowl, but I only laughed, and angered him. I drove him out into the open where I could see better. He was fighting now, with no thought of protecting myself, only of hurting him. I tried for a knockout, but he blocked me, clinging desperately to my arm. I tore loose once more, flinging him aside bewildered and breathless.

"Now, Raymond," I said, "that trick doesn't work a second time. Stand up to it, you coward! You wanted a fight, and you are going to have one. What! The gun again? I guess not." He had jerked it out before I reached him, but my hand closed over his—the hammer fell, digging into the flesh of my thumb, and the pain maddened me; he staggered back from the impetus of my body, and I tore loose, the iron still imbedded in my flesh, and struck him. The pearl handle crashed to the side of his head, tearing his hand in jagged wound. But he went over, dropping to the grass as if dead. He gave no moan, no sound; for an instant his limbs twitched, and then he lay there, curled into a ball. I stared down at him, panting, scarcely realizing just what had occurred. An instant before he had been fighting like a tiger cat, now he was a motionless, grotesque shadow. Blood streamed from my lacerated hand, and I bound up the wound in a neckerchief, stripped from around my throat, hardly conscious of the pain, my breath steady, my muscles growing tense. Then I bent down, and straightened the man out, upturning his face to the moon. He was not dead—there was a beat to his pulse; but the gash on his head was an ugly one; he would have a scar there while he lived. He lay like a dead man, his face ghastly, his thin lips drawn back from his teeth, and seemingly breathless. But for that faint, barely perceptible throb of the pulse, I would have thought him killed.

And now what? Kelly, and his followers, would not be gone long exploring the depths of the ravine—an hour at most would take them over every inch of it. We must have more of a start than that. There were troops yonder. Fox would never worry over the disappearance of Raymond, but Moran might, and he was in command. There was a squad of horsemen out there now, beyond the corner of the church, and riding southward—they might be in search of the missing Lieutenant and his three troopers. I dare not leave the fellow where he was to recover consciousness, and give an alarm, or be discovered by others. There were two things possible to do—to roll the body into the ravine, or bear it with me. The first would be murder; the second a tax upon my physical strength which I might not withstand. Yet there was no other way, but to try the experiment.

I tossed the discarded revolver into the bushes, and struggled with the limp body until I was able to rise to my feet with the unconscious man dangling across my shoulder. He was of good girth and weight, but I succeeded in staggering the few yards necessary with the burden, and then hoisted him across the saddle, head and heels dangling. The horse snorted and circled to get away, frightened at his unusual burden, but I soothed the animal, and finally he snuffed at the man's legs, and stood still.

## CHAPTER XXIX.

The Trail to Covington. As I gripped the horse's rein and turned him slowly around I heard a single shot fired in the gorge below, the sound echoing among the rocks, and a spark of fire gleamed through the darkness. It was far enough away to give me little concern, yet the report must have been heard by the cavalry squad now well out in the open, for they wheeled their horses and rode straight toward the ravine. Their course would bring them higher up, just to the rear of the church, yet, with suspicious ones aroused, 'twas likely they would patrol the banks, seeking for some passage below. Confident the distance between us was sufficient to hide my movements so long as I kept well back in the shadow of the trees, I led the horse forward, advancing as rapidly as I dared to travel, using one hand to steady Raymond's body swaying across the saddle. It must have been a quarter of a mile, or more, to where the forest spread out from the bank into a dark tangle of trees, extending half across the ridge. The winding of the ravine took me out of sight of the body of horsemen above, yet I knew they had galloped to the edge of the gorge, and were calling to whoever was below. I could hear the shouts, without catching the words, and even imagined I distinguished a faint cry in return. By slipping the Lieutenant's belt over the saddle horn, thus preventing his limp body from sliding off, I urged the animal to a sharp trot.

What was before us in those dark woods was all conjecture—but I possessed infinite confidence in Noreen. The very silence, coupled with the fact that no sign of the two fugitives had been met with along the way, convinced me that they had safely attained the rendezvous, and were now there, anxiously awaiting my arrival. The time had not been long, and the girl would never consent to proceed alone with Nichols, until she had lost every hope of my joining her. He might not remain willingly in such close proximity of danger, but I could count on her to keep the fellow there until the last possible moment. We went down into a shallow gully, and then climbed the opposite bank, having to force a passage through thick scrub. I pressing the branches aside to prevent their scratching Raymond's face. He gave utterance to a groan, and I lifted his head, supporting it on my shoulder as we topped the rise. The horse shied, I caught glimpse of a shadow flitting across an open space.

"Noreen!" "Is it really you? I could not tell—the horse; the something across the saddle."

She came forward with a swift spring, not satisfied until her hand actually touched me.

"Oh, I am so glad—you are not even hurt?"

"Not seriously; battered up a bit—Nichols!"

"Yes, he is here; there beside the tree. Tell me what has happened! What have you here? Why is it a man," she shrank back. "A dead man!" "No, not dead," I hastened to explain, unbuckling the belt, and lowering the still limp body to the ground. "Here, parson, don't let the horse stray. We cannot waste many minutes here; there are cavalrymen scouting the edge of the ravine yonder, and they may come as far as this. That is why I brought the fellow along—to keep him from being found. Do you recognize the face, Noreen?" It was dark and shadowy where we were and she was compelled to bend

low to distinguish the features. Her lips gave a startled, half-suppressed cry:

"Why is it Lieutenant Raymond? You—you fought together? How did he come here?"

"I think he suspected we might manage to escape from the church. He was more anxious to capture me than he was to fight—evidently, for I caught no glimpse of his face during the melee. But he, and three troopers, were hidden at the edge of the woods watching where the trail comes up from the ravine."

"Yes," breathlessly, "we saw them come across, just after the torches began to flare up inside the church. Then later another man rode along there."

"That was Kelly; he brought word that we had got away. I was within ten feet of them when they met. The Lieutenant swore at the news, and sent the four men down the trail to search—he offered one hundred dollars for me, dead or alive."

She arose to her feet, but the darkness prevented my seeing the expression on her face.

"He did! This man?" she exclaimed, the horror of the thought visible in the tone. "Why, what is it to him? I do not understand why he should exhibit such bitterness—he was determined to convict you from the first. There was no feud between you two, was there?"

"Only Noreen Harwood," I answered, speaking softly. "But—look! The cavalry squad just passed across that open space; they are riding this way. Raymond will revive presently, and some of his men will find him here; Kelly will search as soon as he discovers the man is missing. Nichols, fasten the belt about his arms—yes, buckle it behind; a notch tighter. You know the trail!"

"I've been over it enough," rather sullenly. "Is Anne Cowan dead?" "Yes; but that doesn't affect you at present. You are going to guide us to Covington. Hold the horse. Now Noreen."

She gave me her hand, and I helped her into the saddle. A horse neighed in the distance, but my fingers closed on the nostrils of the animal beside me in time to prevent response. Nichols stood motionless, a tall, shapeless figure, gazing back over the tops of the bushes. I drew my revolver, and touched him with it sharply on the arm.

"Go on," I said quietly, yet with a threat in my voice. "Attempt to run, or play any trick, and I drop you in your tracks."

He turned without a word, and silently pushed a passage through the scrub into more open woods, and I followed, grasping the horse's rein. A hundred yards farther along we came into a beaten track, and began to mount upward along a rocky ridge, where the moon gave me good view. It was a scene of silent desolation. I took one glance backward, but trees shut off all glimpse of the church, and the plateau. I thought I heard a voice, or two, calling afar off, perhaps the cavalrymen again signaling Kelly in the ravine, but we had little to fear from them. Our trail could never be followed before morning, and dawn would be three hours away. I slipped my weapon back into my belt, confident Nichols would make no attempt to desert. He was slouching forward, muttering something to himself as he walked, and never even turned his

## DIFFER ON TEMPORARY STARS

Astronomers Have Two Views as to How the Somewhat Mysterious Bodies Originate.

Most of the textbooks suggest that temporary stars, or "novae," may result either from the collision of two bodies in space or from a sudden explosion or eruption of a single body. Professor Hale, in his recent review of the last ten years' work at Mount Wilson, states that a more plausible hypothesis is that of a faint star suddenly plunging into a gaseous nebula. The spectra of novae, after passing through remarkable changes, have usually been supposed to correspond closely in their last visible stage with the spectra of nebulae. Observations at Mount Wilson, however, are in harmony with an observation of Hartmann in showing that there is, at least in some cases, a still later stage, in which the characteristic lines of the nebular spectrum disappear, as if the star had finally passed out of the nebula which caused its sudden outburst of luminosity. On this hypothesis, the temporary brightness of these stars would be analogous to that of a meteorite passing through the earth's atmosphere and raised to incandescence by friction.—Scientific American.

## Go With Me All the Way Through Life.

head to glance behind. I stole a look upward at the lady in the saddle, but did not venture to address her. She sat erect, her face slightly averted, but her thoughts appeared to be elsewhere, and I plodded on, my heart grown heavy. Beyond doubt she realized now what the end was to be. In the rush and excitement of the past few days, her natural desire to save me from the death of a spy, she had found no time for thought, for consideration. She had merely obeyed the swift impulse of the moment. But now, riding this dark mountain trail, all immediate peril left behind, she was facing the future—and regret. Her father's death, her sudden abandonment of home and friends, her display of the cause with which her sympathies were enlisted, her forced marriage, came fresh to her memory like haunting phantoms. Once, I thought, she lifted a hand and dashed a tear from her eye; and her head sank lower, as though she would hide her face. She was evidently ashamed, regretful, unhappy; if ever she had cared for me, even in ordinary friendship, that feeling had changed into dislike—prob-

ably into actual hatred. I seemed to feel the change; to comprehend the growing horror with which she confronted the future. I wanted to tell her that I understood; that I sympathized; that I would never consent to stand between her and happiness. Plan after plan flashed through my mind—she should be free; she should go to her own friends, and never see me again. I would arrange to drop out of her life as suddenly as I had come into it. But the impetuous words died unuttered on my lips. Steadily we pushed on through the darkness, no word exchanged between us, slipping and sliding along the rocky trail, following Nichols down into a black valley, and then up again to a steep, narrow ridge. All about us was the night, and the silence.

Then the dawn broke, the black gloom fading into gray, the clouds of fog in the deep valley below us rising slowly until the rays of the rising sun lifted them to the mountain tops, red-dening the mist into grotesque beauty, and revealing the green glades beneath. It was a wild, desolate scene, and we paused on the edge of what seemed a sheer precipice to gaze. Even Nichols stopped, and looked down, pointing to the ridge of rock along which the barely perceptible trail ran. "You'll have to pick your way mighty careful 'long that," he said slowly. "Tain't jist safe for a boss, nobow, but I reckon he'll pick his own way all right. That's a cabin round behind that bend whar we mout git a bite ter eat."

"Who lives there?" "A fellow named Larrabee; but I reckon that won't be nobody ter harm," but the old woman—Bill's conspired."

"Go on down," I said after a moment, "and we'll follow slowly. How far away is Covington?"

"Bout twenty miles—in the next valley beyond them hills."

He disappeared around a sharp ledge, and Noreen and I were alone—alone, it seemed to me, in all the world. I dare not even look at her, as I helped her out of the saddle. Tired from the long hours of riding along the rough trail, she staggered slightly on her feet, and her hands clasped my arm. Our eyes met, and in the depths of hers was the mist of tears.

"Tom," she said earnestly, her voice faltering. "I cannot stand this any longer. I—I must know—what—what I am to you?"

"To me!" I echoed, the blood leaping in my veins. "Do you not know? Can you feel the slightest doubt?"

"Doubt! It is all doubt. You have spoken no word to guide me. You married me to save me from Anne Cowan. You permitted me to come with you because I would consent to nothing else. I do not even know that it is your choice that I go on beside you into the valley."

"Noreen," and I had her hands in mine. "It is my choice that you go with me all the way through life—dear girl, I love you."

The long lashes hid her eyes, but her cheeks were crimson; then I looked down into the blue depths, through the tear mist, and read my answer.

(THE END.)



Go With Me All the Way Through Life.

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## FREE ONEIDA COMMUNITY PAR PLATE SILVERWARE

Save the Trade-Mark Signature From

## SKINNER'S Macaroni and Spaghetti Products

and get a complete set of Oneida Community ParPlate Silverware free. Guaranteed 10 years. Beautiful Bridal Wreath pattern. Send us the coupon below and we will tell you all about it.

**Nine Kinds Skinner's Products**  
1 Macaroni 4 Cut Macaroni 7 Soup Rings  
2 Spaghetti 5 Cut Spaghetti 8 Alphabetas  
3 Egg Noodles 6 Elbows 9 Vermicelli

These delicious foods can be prepared 58 different ways to take the place of high-priced meat dishes. An economical, hearty food, perfectly balanced.

Skinner's Macaroni Products are made from the finest durum wheat, in the largest and cleanest macaroni factory in America.

Get a complete set of Oneida Community ParPlate Silverware with Skinner's Macaroni Products. Send the coupon for full details. No obligation whatever. In the meantime buy Skinner's products at your grocer's (cheaper if you get them by the case—24 packages) and save the circle containing the signature. All good Par Plate Silverware FREE with Skinner's Macaroni Products.

Skinner Mfg. Co. Name.....  
Largest Macaroni Factory in America Dept. D  
Omaha, Neb. Address.....  
Town..... State.....

## Bumper Grain Crops

Good Markets—High Prices  
Prizes Awarded to Western Canada for Wheat, Oats, Barley, Alfalfa and Grasses

The winnings of Western Canada at the Soil Products Exposition at Denver were easily made. The list comprised Wheat, Oats, Barley and Grasses, the most important being the prizes for Wheat and Oats and sweep stake on Alfalfa.

No less important than the splendid quality of Western Canada's wheat and other grains, is the excellence of the cattle fed and fattened on the grasses of that country. A recent shipment of cattle to Chicago topped the market in that city for quality and price.

Western Canada produced in 1915 one-third as much wheat as all of the United States, or over 300,000,000 bushels.

Canada in proportion to population has a greater exportable surplus of wheat this year than any country in the world, and at present prices you can figure out the revenue for the producer. In Western Canada you will find good markets, splendid schools, exceptional social conditions, perfect climate and other great attractions. There

is no war tax on land and no conscription. Send for illustrated pamphlet and ask for reduced railway rates, information as to best locations, etc. Address Superintendent Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or

M. V. McKINNIS, 178 Jefferson Ave., Detroit, Mich.  
Canadian Government Agent

Modest Petition. In a deeply religious family of Elgin, the eight-year-old son had been taught to ask a blessing at the table.

One afternoon there were a number of women asked to luncheon, and the kiddie, being a bit embarrassed, made the following brief petition:

"Oh, Lord, forgive us for this food."

Only One "BROMO QUININE" To get the genuine, call for full name, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold in One Day. 25c.

Even a hotlist may not be able to recognize a blooming idiot when he sees one.

## ANURIC! The Newest Discovery in Chemistry

This is a recent discovery of Dr. Pierce, who is head of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute at Buffalo, N. Y. Experiments at Dr. Pierce's Hospital for several years proved that there is no other eliminator of uric acid that can be compared to it. For those easily recognized symptoms of inflammation—as backache, searing uric acid frequent urination, as well as sediment in the urine, or a uric acid in the blood has caused rheumatism, it is simply wonderful how surely "Anuric" acts. The best of results are always obtained in cases of acute rheumatism in the joints, in gravel and gout, and invariably the pains and stiffness which so frequently and persistently accompany the disease rapidly disappear.

Go to your nearest drug store and simply ask for a 50-cent package of "Anuric" manufactured by Dr. Pierce, or even write Dr. Pierce for a large trial package (10c). If you suspect kidney or bladder trouble, send him a sample of your water and describe symptoms. Dr. Pierce's chemist will examine it, then Dr. Pierce will report to you without fee or charge.

NOTE.—"Anuric" is thirty-seven times more active than lithia in eliminating uric acid, and is a harmless but reliable chemical compound that may be safely given to children, but should be used only by grown-ups who actually wish to restore their kidneys to perfect health, by conscientiously using one box—or more in extreme cases—as "Anuric" (thanks to Dr. Pierce's achievement) is by far the most perfect kidney and bladder corrector obtainable.

## Public Opinion Indorses

this family remedy by making its sale larger than that of any other medicine in the world. The experience of generations has proved its great value in the treatment of indigestion, biliousness, headache and constipation.

## BEECHAM'S PILLS

relieve these troubles and prevent them from becoming serious ills by promptly clearing wastes and poisons out of the digestive system. They strengthen the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Mild and harmless. A proven family remedy, unequalled

## For Digestive Troubles

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25c., 50c., \$1.00.



**"A Shine in Every Drop"**  
Get a Can TO-DAY From Your Hardware or Grocery Dealer

**For the Family Medicine Chest**

Green Bay, Wis., Mrs. Wm. F. Bubala says: "I always use Foley's Honey and Tar for our children as it quickly breaks up their colds with no bad after effects, and they like to take it."

In this season of coughs, colds and croup, every family medicine chest should be supplied with a good cough medicine that can be relied upon when needed.

Sold Everywhere in Chelsea

**A. L. STEGER,**

Dentist.

Office, Kempt Bank Block, Chelsea, Michigan. Phone, Office, 82, 2; Residence, 82, 2.

**HARLIE J. FULFORD, D. O.**

Osteopathic Physician.

Graduate of Kirksville, Mo. Office 7, 8 and 9, second floor, Wilkinson Building, Chelsea. Phone 246.

**S. A. MAPES,**

Funeral Director and Embalmer.

Funeral Home, 1000 Broadway, Chelsea, Michigan. Phone 6.

**CHAS. STEINBACH**

Harness and Horse Goods

Repairing of all kinds a specialty. Also dealer in Musical Instruments of all kinds and Sheet Music. Steinbach Block, Chelsea.

**H. D. WITHERELL,**

Attorney at Law.

Office, Freeman block, Chelsea, Michigan.

**GEORGE W. BECKWITH,**

Real Estate Dealer.

Money to Loan, Life and Fire Insurance. Office in Hatch-Durand block, Chelsea, Michigan.

**JAMES S. GORMAN,**

Attorney at Law.

Office, Middle street east, Chelsea, Michigan.

**SHOE REPAIRING**

Neatly done at reasonable prices. Agents for the WEAR- U-WELL Factory Price Shoes.

SCHMID & SON, W. Middle St.

**5 Per Cent Net Income**  
Paid Semi-Annually.

January 1 and July 1.

Withdrawable on 30 Days' Notice.

Over twenty-five years of continuous success, assets a million and a half dollars. Write for financial statement and book giving full particulars.

**CAPITOL SAVINGS & LOAN ASS'N.,**

LANSING, MICH.,

OR SEE

**W. D. ARNOLD,**

Chelsea, Mich.

**DETROIT UNITED LINES**

Between Jackson, Chelsea, Ann Arbor, Ypsilanti and Detroit.

Eastern Standard Time.

LIMITED CARS.

For Detroit 8:45 a. m. and every two hours to 7:30 p. m.

For Kalamazoo 9:00 a. m. and every two hours to 7:30 p. m. For Lansing 9:30 p. m.

LOCAL CARS.

East bound—7:30 a. m., 10:00 a. m., 12:30 p. m., 3:00 p. m., 5:00 p. m., 7:30 p. m.

West bound—7:45 a. m., 10:15 a. m., 12:45 p. m., 3:15 p. m., 5:45 p. m., 8:15 p. m.

Cars connect at Ypsilanti for Saline and at Wayne for Plymouth and Northville.

**THE NEW \$100,000 WAYNE MINERAL BATH HOUSE**

DETROIT (Third and) MICH.

Jefferson Ave.

Completely equipped for giving every approved form of hydropathic treatment for Rheumatism, Blood Disorders, Nervous Troubles, Dyspepsia, Constipation, etc. The Sulpho-Saline water is not excelled in therapeutic value by any spring in America or Europe.

**WAYNE HOTEL AND GARDENS**

In connection. Delightfully located on river front, adjacent to D. & C. Nav. Co's Wharf.

Coolest spot in Detroit. European plan, \$1.00 per day and up.

J. R. Hayes, Prop. F. H. Hayes, Asst. Mgr.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

### SYLVAN HAPPENINGS.

Miss Mary Weber spent the holidays at her home here.

Joseph Knoll is preparing to move his family to Detroit.

Mrs. Eleanor Riggs, of Detroit, is spending some time at her farm home here.

George Dyer, of Jackson, spent last week with his sister, Mrs. Joseph Knoll.

Mrs. L. C. Hayes is spending some time with her mother south of Manchester.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Kirk, of Manchester, are visiting relatives in this vicinity.

Miss Mary Heim, of Jackson, spent New Year's with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. Heim.

Miss Almerine Whitaker spent the last of the past week with relatives in Ann Arbor.

Mr. and Mrs. Clinton Frink entertained his sister, Mrs. Dole, of Detroit, during the holidays.

Mrs. Simon Weber is spending some time with her daughter, Mrs. J. Seckinger, of Manchester.

Miss Mary Lammers has returned to her home in Jackson after spending several days with her sister, Mrs. Owen McIntee.

Mrs. F. G. Widmayer entertained a company of friends and relatives at dinner New Year's in honor of her son Eugene's 21st birthday.

Mrs. Warren Boyd spent several days of last week with Battle Creek friends. Mr. Boyd went to Battle Creek Friday and accompanied her to their home here.

Mrs. Homer Boyd received word on Christmas day that her brother, Alvin Russell had been taken to the Samaritan hospital, of Troy, N. Y., where it was found necessary to amputate a portion of one of his feet. At last reports he was improving nicely.

### SUGAR LOAF LAKE.

William Leach spent New Year's in Ann Arbor.

John Dunn is working for S. L. Leach this week.

Floyd Rowe and Leigh Beeman were the guests of Claire Rowe Sunday.

Alva Beeman delivered two loads of hogs in Grass Lake on Wednesday.

Margaret and Marie Guinan spent New Year's with their parents here.

Clarence and Austin Bott spent last Thursday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Luke Guinan.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Rowe spent New Year's at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Howlett.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Beeman and daughter spent last Thursday at the home of Peter Young.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Rowe and Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Bott spent Wednesday with Foster Rowe and family.

Nina and Leigh Beeman gave a party Friday night to about twenty of their friends to watch the old year out and the new year in.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Rowe returned Monday from Detroit where they spent several days at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Foster and family.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Beeman and S. L. Leach attend the Ladies' Aid Society dinner given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Riemschneider on New Year's day.

### LYNDON ITEMS

Dick Clark has been quite ill during the past week.

John Clark spent the week-end with Detroit friends.

Ed. Carey, of Sandwich, Ont., visited in Lyndon last week.

Mrs. H. T. McKone spent Saturday and Sunday in Jackson.

Ezra Moeckle and Herbert McIntee were Grass Lake visitors Monday.

Mrs. Ernest Mouson, of Howell, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. Clark.

Harry Stoffer left Monday for Big Rapids, where he will attend Ferris institute.

Misses Mary and Agnes McKune spent part of last week with Mrs. Alice O'Connor.

Miss Mary Heatley, of Detroit, is spending this week with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Cassidy.

Miss Margaret Connell, of Jackson, spent Saturday and Sunday with Miss Irene Clark.

Joseph E. Guyman and wife have sold to Charles H. Barker and wife 120 acres on section 6.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew J. Greening have sold to Claude A. Burkhardt 80 acres on section 24. Consideration \$4,400.

The members of Eureka Grange held an open meeting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Stanfield on Thursday evening, December 30. The evening was devoted to cards and music and was enjoyed by all present.

The newly elected officers will be installed Saturday afternoon, January 8th.

### Sciatica's Piercing Pain.

To kill the nerve pains of Sciatica can always depend on Sloan's Liniment. It penetrates to the seat of pain and brings ease as soon as it is applied. A great comfort too with Sloan's is that no rubbing is required. Sloan's Liniment is invaluable for stopping muscular or nerve pain of all kind. Try it at once if you suffer with rheumatism, lumbago, sore throat, pain in chest, sprains, bruises, etc. It is excellent for neuralgia and headache. 25c at all druggists.—adv.

## SHARON NEWS.

Misses Frances and Clara Holden have been quite ill with the grip.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Mahrie spent Sunday at the home of Wm. Martin near Iron Creek.

Mr. and Mrs. B. P. O'Neill spent New Year's with relatives near Brooklyn.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Esch attended the funeral of their cousin, near Clinton, Wednesday.

Harry Kimball and family, of Fishville, were week-end guests at the home of C. O. Hewes.

Miss Esther Koebe is spending this week in Grass Lake at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Redding.

Mrs. C. Parker, who has been spending some time with relatives in Cedar Springs and Grand Rapids, has returned home.

Mrs. A. Bloom, of Grand Rapids, was a week-end guest of her mother, Mrs. E. Kulenkamp, and her two little sons, Lawrence and Irven.

Mrs. J. R. Lemm and family entertained on New Year's, Gordon Cliff and family, of Jackson, Mr. and Mrs. John Lemm, of Grass Lake, and Lewis Lemm, of Detroit.

A profitable devotional service of the Epworth League was conducted by Mrs. Jas. Struthers Sunday evening.

Miss Frances Holden will lead the meeting next Sunday evening.

### NORTH LAKE NOTES.

Herbert Hudson spent New Year's at the home of his father.

Mrs. R. S. Whallan spent Friday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. O. P. Noah.

Miss Mary Whallan returned to Detroit Monday to resume her school work.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Baird spent Sunday at the home of Mrs. James Harker.

Mrs. J. Harker and family spent Saturday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Hudson.

Miss Grace Fuller, who has been visiting relatives in Norvell returned home Saturday.

Mrs. Edward Collings returned last Wednesday after a two months visit with relatives in Ohio.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Stoffer entertained the Golden Rule class at their home Tuesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Perry E. Noah are visiting relatives in Greenville, Mt. Pleasant and Carson City this week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Baird and Mr. and Mrs. John Pratt and son spent Thursday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Finnell.

### FRANCISCO VILLAGE.

Mrs. Sadie Frye left Monday to take a position in Ann Arbor.

Mr. and Mrs. Gus Gochis spent New Year's with relatives in Delhi.

The Ladies' Aid Society of St. John's church met at the school house Wednesday.

Mrs. Louis Walz, who has been ill the past two weeks, is no better at this writing.

Mrs. S. M. Horning entertained her son, Melvin Horning and family, of Munnith, New Year's day.

John Gochis, who was sick a number of days last week, has returned to his work as section hand on the Michigan Central.

Mr. and Mrs. Rovell, of Chicago, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. John Helle the past week, returned home Sunday.

Miss Selma Benter, who has been spending some time in Detroit, has returned and has begun a course in the Jackson business university.

### WATERLOO DOINGS.

Several of the residents here are quite ill with the grip.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Vicory spent several days of last week in Detroit.

Miss Isabella Gorton entertained company from Northville over Sunday.

Herman Koelz, of Detroit, spent Wednesday and Thursday with his parents here.

Floyd Durkee left the last of the week for Cleveland where he will spend some time.

Miss Isabella Gorton was unable to return to her school at Lansing Monday. She is quite ill with the grip.

Walter Koelz returned to his school work in Ann Arbor the first of the week after spending the holidays with his parents here.

### NORTH FRANCISCO.

Mrs. G. C. Nothdurft and son spent last week in Ann Arbor.

Clarence Lehmann and Anna Peter, son spent the last of the past week with their uncle, E. J. Musbach.

Mr. and Mrs. Ashley Holden, of Highland Park, spent Saturday and Sunday with H. Harvey and family.

The dinner given by the German M. E. Ladies' Aid Society last Saturday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Riemschneider netted them \$17.00.

Several from here attended the New Year's eve party at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Beeman Friday night.

### F. & M. Stockholders. Notice.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Farmers & Merchants Bank will be held at the bank, on Tuesday, January 11, 1916, at 2 o'clock p. m.

P. G. SCHABLE, Cashier.

## Council Proceedings.

[OFFICIAL.]

COUNCIL ROOMS.

Chelsea, January 3, 1916.

Council met in regular session. Meeting called to order by President Bacon. Roll call by the clerk.

Present—Trustees Lehman, Schaible, Palmer, Hirth. Absent—Lighthall, Cole.

Minutes of the previous meeting were read.

Moved by Schaible, supported by Palmer, that the minutes be approved as presented. The bill of \$250.00 for engineering services.

Yeas—Lehman, Schaible, Palmer, Hirth. Nays—None. Carried.

The following bills were read by the clerk:

GENERAL FUND.  
H. E. Cooper, 1 mo. salary..... \$ 27.50  
Chelsea Standard, printing..... 4.75  
William Bacon-Holmes Co..... 68.62

STREET FUND.  
G. Bockers, two weeks..... 20.00  
G. W. Palmer, gravel..... 75.00

ELECTRIC LIGHT AND WATER FUND.  
Electric Light and Water Works Commission..... \$1300.00

Moved by Hirth, supported by Palmer, that the bills be allowed as read.

Yeas—Lehman, Schaible, Palmer, Hirth. Nays—None. Carried.

Moved by Lehman, supported by Schaible, that the bill of H. D. Withers for \$84.70 for services as attorney in the Bloomberg case, dated December 6, 1915, be allowed, less \$20.00 paid on same account November 8, 1914.

Yeas—Lehman, Schaible, Palmer, Hirth. Nays—None. Carried.

Moved by Lehman, supported by Hirth, that the bill of John Kalmbach for services as attorney, during 1913-1914, be allowed in the sum of \$125.

Yeas—Lehman, Schaible, Palmer, Hirth. Nays—None. Carried.

Moved and supported that we adjourn. Carried.

GEORGE M. SEITZ, Clerk.

## TRUTH TRIUMPHS

Chelsea Citizens Testify for the Public Benefit.

A truthful statement of a Chelsea citizen, given in his own words, should convince the most skeptical about the merits of Doan's Kidney Pills. If you suffer from backache, nervousness, sleeplessness, urinary disorders or any form of kidney ills, use a tested kidney medicine.

A Chelsea citizen tells of Doan's Kidney Pills.

Could you demand more convincing proof of merit?

Charles Hyzer, stationary engineer, Madison St., Chelsea, says: "I was a sufferer from kidney trouble. I had backache and pains through my kidneys that made my work hard. If I stooped, I couldn't straighten again. Finally a friend who had used Doan's Kidney Pills with good results told me to try them. I did and they soon gave me relief. Three boxes cured me."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Hyzer had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

## Notice to Hunters.

We, the undersigned freeholders forbid all hunting, trapping or trespassing on our farms.

Fred C. Haist D. E. Beach  
John Grau Fred Seitz  
M. L. Burkhardt W. S. Pielemeier  
John Steinbach Mrs. Kate Niehaus  
E. M. Eisenman C. D. Jenks 19  
A. B. Skinner Fred Keen  
Albert Widmayer W. J. Beach  
Leigh N. Beach Mrs. Wm. Grieb

## Jelly Roll Recipe

Only Two Eggs Required

By Mrs. Janet McKenzie Hill, Editor of the Boston Cooking School Magazine

This Jelly Roll is fast becoming very popular on account of the way it keeps fresh. With proper handling it should keep fresh a whole week, providing it isn't eaten up in the meantime, for it is every bit as good as it looks.

33

**K C Jelly Roll**

One cup sifted flour; scant half teaspoonful salt; 1 level teaspoonful K C Baking Powder; grated rind of 1 lemon; 2 eggs beaten light; 1 cup sugar; 1/2 cup hot milk; glass of jelly; powdered sugar.

Beat the sugar into the eggs; add the lemon rind, then the flour, sifted three times with the salt and baking powder; and, lastly, the milk. Bake in a buttered dripping pan; turn out on a damp cloth, trim off the crisp edges; spread with jelly and turn over and over into a roll while still warm. Dredge the top with powdered sugar.

Hot milk used in the jelly roll enables it to be rolled without danger of cracking. Have the milk scalding hot, also be careful to have the eggs and sugar beaten together until very light and creamy. Bake in a moderate oven.

K C Jelly Roll is illustrated on page thirty-two of the new and handsomely illustrated 64-page K C Cook's Book, which may be secured free by sending the certificate packed in every 25-cent can of K C Baking Powder to the JACQUES MRS. CO., Chicago, Ill.

13088

**Commissioners' Notice.**

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said county, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Clara A. Gilbert, late of said county, deceased, hereby give notice that said Probate Court, for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at H. D. Withers' law office in the Village of Chelsea, in said county, on the 21st day of February, at ten o'clock a. m., of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated, December 21st, 1915.

M. J. Noyes, H. D. WITHERS, Commissioners.

## You've hit the right tobacco

when you fire-up some Prince Albert in your old jimmy pipe or in a makin's cigarette. And you know it! Can't get in wrong with P. A. for it is made right; made to spread-smoke-sunshine among men who have suffered with scorched tongues and parched throats! The patented process fixes that—and cuts out bite and parch. All day long you'll sing how glad you are you're pals with

# PRINCE ALBERT

the national joy smoke

You take this testimony straight from the shoulder, men. You can smoke a barrel of P. A. without a kick! It hands out all the tobacco happiness any man ever dreamed about, it's so smooth and friendly. It's a mighty cheerful thing to be on talking-terms with your pipe and your tongue at the same time—but that's what's coming to you sure as you pin your faith to Prince Albert!

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO., Winston-Salem, N. C.



It's an easy job to change the shape and color of unsuitable brands to imitate the Prince Albert that red tin, for it is impossible to imitate the flavor of Prince Albert tobacco! The patented process protects that!

Everywhere tobacco is sold you'll find Prince Albert smoking your cheerful pipe. Buy it in tippy red bags, 5c; tippy red tins, 10c; handsome pound and half-pound tins, 25c—and in that classy pound crystal-glass humidor with sponge-moistener top that keeps the tobacco so fit!

## "For Galls, We Want No Other"

"For sore breast and galls this does the business," wrote L. House, of Syracuse, N. Y. "In fact, we want nothing better than Hanford's Balsam of Myrrh."

Mr. House is one of several thousands who have found out for themselves that this liniment is best of all for external ills of man or beast. When applied by a